The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY JUNE 25, 1908. NO 25.

The Farmers National Bank
OF BLOOMSBURG.

Condensed report to the Comptroller at the close of business May 14, 1908

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments	$519,828.45	Capital	$ 60,000.00
U. S. Bonds	60,000.00	Surplus and Net Profit	101,046.57
Cash and Reserve	135,602.36	Circulation	60,000.00
		Deposits	494,384.24
	$715,430.81		$715,430.81

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Capital, $60.000 Surplus and Profit $101,046.57

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

—COMPTROLLER'S CALL.—

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business May 14, 1908.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments	$611,830.43	Capital Stock,	$100,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	8,000.00	Surplus and Profits	51,620.16
Cash and Reserve	95,474.66	Circulation	100,000.00
		Deposits	463,684.93
	$715,305.09		$715,305.09

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President.

Hot Weather Underwear!

KNEE DRAWERS
ATHLETIC SHIRTS

in Nainsook and Balbriggan.

PORISKNIT UNDERWEAR

in long and short sleeves

BALBRIGGAN

in 25c and 50c Garments

TOWNSEND'S
CORNER.

TEACHERS ELECTED.

At Meeting of School Board Friday Night Committees Were Appointed and Teachers Elected.

With every member present, the meeting of the School Board last Friday evening was a very important one. The teachers for the ensuing year were elected and all the committees appointed beside considerable other business.

The chairman of the meeting appointed the following committees:

Supplies—Mercer, Hartman and Carpenter.

Text Books—Ikeler, Rinker and Brown.

Compulsory Education—Rinker, Mercer and Ikeler.

Finance—Carpenter, Ikeler and Rinker.

Buildings and Grounds—Brown, Hartman and Mercer.

Grievances—Hartman, Carpenter and Brown.

The treasurer's bonds in $10,000 were approved. It was decided that the school year would consist of 9 months and that the next term will open on the 31st of August.

The following teachers were then elected:

HIGH SCHOOL.

Supervisory Principal, L. P. Sterner, who was elected for three years; Assistant Principal, W. C. Mauser, who was also elected for three years; Music and Drawing, O. H. Yetter; Assistants in High School, C. O. Frank and T. F. Shambach; Elocution, Annabelle Swartz; A Grammar, girls, Elmira A. Wilson; A Grammar, boys, Ida Rinker; B Grammar, Emma Cadman.

THIRD STREET.

Principal, S. J. Johnson; C Grammar, Mary Adams; C Grammar, Catherine Gorrey; A Intermediate, Minnie Penman; B Intermediate, Blanche Hartman; A Primary, Mary Kline; A. Primary, Mae Rhodomoyer; B Primary, Helen Vanderslice; B Primary, Mable Moyer; C Primary, Gertrude Rinker; C Primary, Clora Furman.

FIFTH RTREET.

Principal, Frank A. Frear; A Intermediate, Edith Keller; B Intermediate, Kathryn Cadow: A Primary, Mary Sheep; B Primary, Anna Fox; C Primary, Anna Snyder; C Primary, Minnie Terwilliger; substitute teacher, Mrs. C. E. Kesty. Janitors: High School, John Gray; Third Street, John Farver; Fifth Street, C. F. Dieterick; sweeper, Mrs Hannah Edwards.

The next meeting of the Board will be held on Friday the 26th.

GRANGE BANKERS MEET.

At the call of Hon. John G. McHenry, who is at the head of the Grange National Banking Department the most notable gathering of financiers ever held in Bradford county took place on June 24th and 25th, when the Grange National Bankers' Association of the United States met in Troy for its annual convention and banquet. It is expected that 150 persons will gather around the banquet board from all parts of the country. Especially distinguished among them and as speakers were United States Treasurer Charles H. Treat, Justice W. P. Potter, of the Pennsylvania Supreme Bench, and John Mitchell, the former president of the United Mine Workers of America, whose name is frequently heard in connection with the Vice Presidency of the United States. Mr. Chas. Dildine, of Orangeville was also one of the speakers. The opening address was made by Hon. John G. McHenry.

FORGERY SCHEME WORKED.

Just to disprove the truth of the saying that there is nothing new under the sun, something new in the way of forgeries was sprung upon the people of town during the past few days by a man named Henry Broadt, the victim of the forgery being John Welliver, of Leonard street.

Last Friday afternoon a strange man appeared at the office of W. R. Kocher on Seventh street and ordered a load of coal to be sent to 127 Railroad street. As payment for the coal he presented a check signed by John Welliver and made out to Henry Broadt, whom, he said, was himself. He stated that he was employed by Mr. Welliver in his blacksmith shop. The check was for $13, and as the cost of the coal was considerably less than that amount, Mr. Sheep, bookkeeper at the office, gave him the change which amounted to several dollars.

A short time afterward the same man appeared at the office of W. C. Richart and ordered a load of coal sent to the same address as he had given to Mr. Sheep and in payment for the same presented a check for $12 and received several dollars in change.

The coal was accordingly loaded on the wagons and taken to the above address when it was found that the house belonged to Dr. Bruner and that no family was living in the house.

The check which Mr. Sheep received was taken to the bank immediately and cashed but the check received by Mr. Richart was not presented until Monday. It was then that the officials of the bank began to suspicion something wrong. The check was taken to Mr. Welliver who stated that the checks had not been written by himself and that he knew of nobody by the name of Henry Broadt. The signature, however, he stated, was so near like his own that it could be distinguished only by three letters in the name which were made differently from what he made them.

Mr. Richart and Mr. Sheep both think that they could recognize the man if they saw him but it is not likely that they will ever see him, as there is not the least clew to his identity.

QUARANTINE COUNTY DOGS.

Agent Fulmer of the State Live Stock Sanitary Board was in Danville Tuesday and established a state quarantine of all dogs in that vicinity. This order in no wise affects the quarantine established by the Borough but places as well the authority of the state back of the quarantine.

In view of the fact that the mad dogs ran amuck in Cooper and Mahoning townships and in Montour township in Columbia County there is a move on foot to extend the quarantine to these townships. Agent Fulmer looked into conditions there Tuesday. With no Boards of Health to enforce the quarantine, the duty devolves upon the School Boards and if the members agree to enforce the quarantine, at special meetings which will be held, the quarantine will be established.

GONE TO PANAMA.

Miss Helen Vanderslice left last Thursday for New York City, where she joined Miss Swartz, teacher of elocution in the local High School, and together they started on Saturday for Panama where they will spend the summer. Miss Swartz as the guest of Mrs. Howard Clark, formerly Miss Helen Peacock, and Miss Vanderslice as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George J. Vanderslice.

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been entered of record by Recorder of Deeds Frank W. Miller:

Elmira Feese and John B. Feese to Mike Kravnak and Paul Joseph for two tracts of land in Catawissa township, one containing 22 acres and 32 perches, and the other containing 18 acres and 70 perches.

Charles T. Hess and wife to Susan Hess for a lot of ground in Jamison City.

F. P. Keefer and wife to Harry D. Keefer for a lot of ground in Center township.

Martha Keller and J. W. Keller to Anna Kishbaugh for a lot of ground situate on the south side of Garfield avenue in the borough of Berwick.

Sheradin S. Fritz and wife to Ezekiel Hess for 3 acres and 6 perches of land situate in the township of Sugarloaf.

James J. Musselman and wife to Loretta Fester for a lot of ground situate on the Light Street road in the Town of Bloomsburg.

The Berwick Land and Improvement Company to Joseph Meginse for a lot of ground situate in the borough of West Berwick.

The Berwick Land and Improvement Company to Emma Myers for a lot of ground situate in the borough of West Berwick.

Anna Kishbach and John Kishbach to George W. Rhinard for a tract of land containing one-half acre situate in Fishingcreek township.

Isaiah Bower and wife to George Bower et al., Trustees of United Evangelical church of Evansville, for a lot of ground in said village.

Berwick Land and Improvement Company to Joseph H. Sherwood and Ella, his wife, for lot in West Berwick.

Berwick Land and Improvement Company to Joseph Sherwood and Ella, his wife, for two lots in West Berwick.

U. S. Lumber and Supply Company to C. A. Fenstermacher for lot of ground in Briarcreek township.

C. A. Fenstermacher and wife to Bertha Humphries for lot of ground in Briarcreek township.

American Car and Foundry Company to U. S. Lumber and Supply Company for lot of ground on Third street, Berwick.

J. L. Wolverton and wife to G. A. Hartman for lot on East street, Bloomsburg.

C. A. Young and wife to Dennies Low for 42 acres and 4 perches of land in Greenwood township.

J. H. Aten and wife to W. H. Aten for 4 acres and 58 perches of land in Mifflin township.

G. E. Sponsler to W. A. Linden for three lots in Berwick Land and Improvement Company's addition to Berwick.

Elmira A. Wilson to T. J. Vanderslice for lot of ground in Bloomsburg.

B. F. Sharpless and wife to Latetta A. Vanderslice for lot of ground at corner Third and Jefferson streets Bloomsburg.

Laretta A. Vanderslice to T. J. Vanderslice for lot of ground in Bloomsburg.

Clark E. Kern and wife to Katie A. Mensch for 9 acres and 13 perches of land in Cleveland township.

John Eves and wife to Melvin E. Robbins for lot of ground in Bloomsburg.

Melvin E. Robbins and wife to Louis Robbins and W. V. Robbins for lot of ground in Bloomsburg.

Charles G. Wooley and wife to Robert R. Harris for lot of ground in Berwick.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.

Well Rendered Programs Closes a Successful Year's Work at the Normal.

On Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock the music pupils of the first, second and third grades give a recital. On Friday evening a students' recital was given in Normal Auditorium.

The Junior contest in oratory was held on Saturday evening at which time an interesting program was rendered. On Sunday afternoon the baccalaureate sermon was preached by Dr. D. J. Waller, Jr.

MIDDLERS DRAMA.

"The Lady of Lyons," a play in five acts and numerous scenes, was presented in the Normal auditorium Monday evening in the presence of an audience that entirely filled the large auditorium.

CLASS REUNIONS.

Tuesday was essentially one of reunions at the Normal School, a large number of alumni being present from many classes. The only classes in reunion, however, were 1883, 1893, 1898, 1903 and 1906. The shining light at all of the reunions and especially of the older classes was C. B. Noetling, of Beaver Valley, a former instructor at the school and one beloved by all who had the privilege of receiving instruction from him. He was given a very hearty reception.

IVY DAY EXERCISES.

Forming two by two, each carrying an orange and black pennant and joined by long chains of daisies, the class of '08 of the Bloomsburg Normal School marched to the lower campus Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock where a most appropriate Ivy program was rendered.

DR. WALLER GAVE GOOD ADVICE.

Joseph Shovlin, president of the class, acted as chairman of the meeting and after a few remarks, called upon Dr. D. J. Waller, who very happily gave some good, sound advice to the graduating class. He congratulated the members of the class upon the success of their efforts and spirit during the time that he has had their acquaintanceship. The class has been a harmonious one and could look back to their days at the Normal with unalloyed pleasure. He told them not to allow the diploma which they would receive to satisfy them but to use it as a foundation upon which to build higher. The importance of an education is greater now than ever before. Many of the men and women of influence are those with a college education. He urged them to get as high an edcuation as they could possibly attain. In this country you can go as high as you want to in education, it is only a question of determination and sacrifice.

CLASS POEM READ.

The class poem was then read by Miss Martha James and was an excellent one giving a brief sketch of the three years' work at the school and many pleasant occurrences.

IVY ORATION GOOD.

The Ivy oration, by Merrill Smith, was an excellent one and was given in a distinct tone of voice. He stated that the Ivy used to symbolize the points or the bright side of life but that he was going to use it in a more serious way. He referred to the Ivy poison, both the three and five leaf kind, and used them as examples of the people in life whom we will need to avoid or they will destroy our lives as the Ivy will poison our bodies. Every cloud has a silver lining, is an old saying but the speaker stated that it should be changed to read every silver lining has a dark cloud. As the graduating class is now witnessing the silver lining or the graduating time, they should prepare to meet the dark clouds in later years. The oration was an exceilent one and showed much preparation.

PROF. SUTLIFF'S PRACTICAL TALK.

Prof. Sutliff was then called and gave a very practical talk which was well received. He stated that he had nothing personal to say of the class of 1908, and that he had no degrees to offer as is often done in the colleges but he had a choice variety of advice to give. The Ivy typifies many things and he expressed a wish that the class of 1908 might have many heads that a crown of Ivy might adorn in future years.

JAY GRIMES READ WILL.

The class will was well gotten up and was read by Jay Grimes. He bequeathed everything the class owned to different persons at the school, including the faculty. He referred to the money which had been left by the class for the remodeling of the grove and making it into a handsome park.

Following the Ivy song by the class, the Ivy was planted along side of the building by Joseph Shovlin.

CLASS DAY EXERCISES.

Before a large and appreciative audience of parents and others interested in education, the Class Day exercises of the class of 1908 held in Normal auditorium Tuesday evening proved to be one of the best and most appreciated numbers on the Commencement program.

The stage was beautifully decorated with large palms and numerous boquets of cut flowers, while stretched across the front of the stage was a black banner upon which were inscribed the words, "Facta non verba," the class motto, translated deeds, not words. Around the gallery was a black strip of bunting upon which hung numerous orange and black pennants and festoons of orange artistically draped around the gallery.

While the Normal orchestra was playing a selection the graduating class marched into the room two by two, the officers of the class and those participating in the program taking seats on the stage while all others occupied seats in the front part of the auditorium. President of the class, Joseph Shovelin, then gave the President's address in which he extended a hearty welcome to all present. After paying a glowing tribute to the principal, Dr. D. J. Waller who is held in the highest

Continued on page 8.

THE SPRING ELECTION.

A Proposed Amendment to the Constitution That Will Abolish It.

The proposed amendment to the constitution of Pennsylvania passed by the Legislature at its last session will be considered by the next Legislature. They should be the subject of free and considerable discussion by the people in the canvass for the election of members. There are several of these proposed amendments, but those which are of the widest concern to all the people of the state are the ones providing for the abolition of the February election. If these amendments are adopted all the elections thereafter, both for general and municipal officials will take place in November. The intention is to so arrange the tenure of the several officials that the choice of the state officers, with congressmen and members of the Legislature, shall fall upon the even numbered years, while those officials that are now chosen in February shall be elected in the odd numbered years. This is with a view to still keep the general and municipal elections separate.

SENIORS ALL PASSED.

At 12 o'clock on Thursday night the students at the Normal School were called into the chapel, and the announcement was made by Deputy State Superintendent Teitrick that all the members of the Senior Class had passed the examinations by the State board. Speeches were made by each of the examiners.

The editor of this paper is absent this week, attending commencement at his Alma Mater, Trinity College, Hartford, Conn. Among the other events is the celebration of the 25th anniversary of Dr. Luther's official connection with the college. For the past four years he has been President, and prior to that a member of the Faculty. There will be a large number of the Alumni present.

Mr. Elwell will return home tonight.

A. D. Shuman has purchased the Zeigler meat market on Centre street, and took possession on Monday. He is a practical man in the business.

A PINEAPPLE FARM

AN INVESTMENT ON WHICH A WOMAN IS GROWING RICH.

A New Hampshire School Teacher Ordered South for Her Health Not Only Recovers It, But Has Built Up a Fine Business.

Three thousand dollars a year is the amount which Miss Christobelle Macy has cleared on her pineapple farm in the south of Florida for the past five years. The farm comprises four acres, and less than three is planted in pineapples.

"Ten years ago I was teaching school in New Hampshire, when the physicians told me that the one chance for prolonging my life lay in going South below the frost line, and living out doors," said Miss Macy, when describing her success as a pineapple farmer. "I had been teaching 15 years and had saved $1,000.

"After the first shock was over I made up my mind to fight for my health, just as I had had to fight for my education and as the family of a New England farmer have to fight for everything they get. I packed my few clothes and set out for Miami, Fla., because it seemed a bit nearer home than Mexico.

"The second day after my arrival I began to look around to see what sort of outdoor work I could find that would pay me enough to live on. I soon found that all the out of doors work was done by negroes.

"I talked the matter over with the woman in whose house I was boarding, and she explained to me that if I wanted to work out of doors she would advise me to rent a garden.

"I followed her advice but later I decided to try pineapple farming.

"When I found some land to suit the owner was quite willing to sell me four acres for $10 an acre, with the promise of as much more as I wanted at the same price, provided nobody came along and offered to pay more for it in the meantime.

"It cost me $200 merely to have that land cleared and to build a four roomed log house with a little log kitchen at the back. Of course the logs used in building the house were all cut from the land.

"As soon as work was well under way on the place I wrote for my younger sister and a cousin, a young boy who had always been delicate, to come on, and as soon as the house was finished, we moved in. That is from the first of July to the 1st of November, the three of us set out 12,000 pineapple suckers at cost me $6 a thousand. Eighteen months later I harvested 320 crates of pineapples averaging about 30 to the crate.

"This crop sold for an average of $2.50 a crate, making the gross receipts for the years's crop $800. Deducting the cost of the four acres of land, the clearing and the building of the house, besides the railroad and other expenses of getting my sister and cousin to Florida and our living expenses, we calculated that we had cleared about $250. Not so bad for the first eighteen months of a farm worked by two women and a boy, at least, it didn't seem so to us, who had been accustomed to farming in New Hampshire.

"That same year we set out suckers from my own plants and also suckers of the Abakka pineapple. Besides the fruit of that first crop I sold several thousand suckers, but all the money went to buy the suckers of the Abakkas we never counted that in the amount saved.

"Now that pineapple growing has become such a popular industry, there is always a ready sale for both suckers and slips from healthy plants. Mine are always spoken for months ahead. Suckers I sell for $10 a thousand and slips for half that amount. I can now clear $3,000 a year and my health is excellent."

HOME COOKING.

Baked Ham.

Soak a ham in cold water over night; trim it neatly and cover all over with a thick crust of flour and water; bake slowly 8 hours; remove the crust and skin; cover the top with fine cracker crumbs; place in the oven until the crumbs are brown. When cold cut in very thin slices.

Breakfast Muffins.

One egg beaten light, pinch of salt, 1 tablespoon of sugar, 1 cup of sweet milk, 2 even cups of sifted flour, with 2 teaspoons of baking powder, 1 tablespoon of melted butter. Have muffin pans well greased and hot. Pour in mixture and bake.

Cabbage Salad.

One teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon or less of pepper and of mustard, 1-2 cup vinegar, 1 egg, 6 tablespoons of sweet cream. Let it thicken on stove, and when cold pour over cabbage chopped fine.

Boiled Cider Pie.

One cup brown sugar, 2 tablespoons flour mixed with sugar, 1 egg; beat all together; 6 tablespoons boiled cider, 2-3 cup boiling hot water; mix thoroughly and bake in 2 crusts.

What Does Appear?

If the recording angel makes a note of our thoughts we would like to see what appears in the book when a woman falls over a chair in the dark.

NAMBY-PAMBY NAMES.

Towns Which Seem to Have Been Christened From a Book.

We could wish that the new communities which are springing up around the metropolis, through the enterprise of real estate promoters and the foresight of transportation managers, were named with as much intelligence as they have been sewered and paved, says New York Evening Mail. Nearly all their names sound as if they had been taken from the same phrase book, and a small one at that. There recurs in them one variation or another of such words as "park," "wood," "crest," "vale," "hurst," "heights," "lawn" and "mere."

So closely are these suffixes associated with the new villages hereabouts that the sight of a compound in which they figure summons up the instantaneous vision of a community not more than five years old and not more than "forty-five minutes' distant from the city hall."

It is too bad that we cannot get out of the bondage of a fashion for pretentious nomenclature with a suggestion of anglomania in it. Better the Ithacas, Atticas, Uticas and other classic memories upstate. Better, far better, the comfortable homely old souvenirs of first inhabitants, such as Moores Mills and Smithtown. Better, even, such aboriginal barbarities as Quogue and Yaphank. None of the new Long Island villages have names to compare in racy charm with Wading River and Baiting Hollow.

The nomenclature of towns follows its own deplorable laws. It is regrettable we have no more of the "saints" and "sans" that besprinkled the West in the steps of the French and Spanish priests. Fortunately the fashion of prefixing "new," "south," "east" or "west" to some old world appellation is dying out. We are well quit of the "villes" of a cruder age; there is only one "Linoleumville."

There is no reason why the sewer villages in Westchester could not take over the names of the communities wiped out by the reservation of fresh sources of water supply. The outposts of Suburbia might seem more heartily American if they repeated the names of States of the Union. Their character would be more truly presented, as the seat of a population of cosmopolitan origin, if they varied the monotonous list of Anglo-Saxon appellations with names borrowed from Germany, from Italy, from Russia from the Holy Land.

The name of Guttenberg, for instance, gives a mellow flavor of repose to the hilltop community across the Hudson, where they used to race horses in the snow. It comports with the political history of a State which boasts a gubernatorial candidate hight Katzenbach.

ALL FOR GLITTER.

Americans Have a Passion for Jewels, But Not for Works of Art.

In the last thirteen years the people of the United States have imported diamonds and other gems, cut and uncut, of a value of $270,000,000. In the same time the value of imported works of art was only $50,000,000. In the list of American expenditure for these articles shows fluctuation and increase, but the amount annually paid for them is, compared with the ability to purchase, a mere bagatelle. The sum reached its maximum in the last fiscal year, when the imports were valued at $5,867,265. The average for the three years 1895, 1896 and 1897 was a little less than $4,500,000. In 1898 there was a drop to one-half of the imports of 1897. And since that year there has been a modest increase from the last ten years has been only about 1894, when the figures fell below those of 1903. Yet the average annual increase in such importations in the last ten years has been only about $360,000, a sum in no way indicative of the enormous increase in national and individual wealth. The average annual increase in importation of gems in the same period was more than $3,000,000.

The obvious inference is that very few Americans who have money or who are making money are imbued with either purpose or desire to transfer the art treasures of Europe to their own homes. It is true that there is a barrier in the shape of tariff charges, but that is probably only one of the reasons for the limited importation. The duty on gems, plus a mighty increase in their cost has not restricted their sale. The imports of last year were valued at more than $42,000,000, or seven times the sum paid for imported art works. The inference is that the moneyed American has an eager desire for baubles and trinkets and very little interest in art.

It is true that an important percentage of the art treasures of Europe is now either in public museums or in the hands of those who are able to hold their possessions, but there is still much to be had that is worth having. It is evident that American art collectors are a small and lonely group and that among those who have abundant means for the gratification of their desires the wish to own a choice painting or two, statutes, tapestries, curios and all that goes to make up the world of art is subordinate to the ambition to make a splurge with jewels, yachts, opera boxes, etc.

A naked truth offends the most sacred prejudices of society.

WHAT TO WEAR AND HOW TO WEAR IT.

Our Special Correspondent Writes Entertainingly to Women.

FROM THE METROPOLIS

Beautiful Frocks in Silk and Voile—Latest Styles of Gowns for Weddings—Net Fabrics Which Are a Joy Forever—Charming Styles in Women's Dress.

BY JULES THEROW.

The season has brought forth nothing more charming than the demi-tailored frock shown here, embodying the latest details of fashion, yet expressing the extremest simplicity. The semi-Empire skirt is of tomato pink voile, mounted over silk of the same shade and with the skirt is worn a stunning cutaway coat of dark toned taffetas silk, stitched with bands of its own material and trimmed with self-covered buttons.

The skirt is pain fitting about the hips and finished with an odd effect

FROCK IN SILK AND VOILE.

of stitching about the hem and lower front panel. The stitching, which is pyramided at the front, is done in the darker tone produced in the coat.

Although it is loose-fitting, the coat follows the lines of the figure about the sides, and at the front it is drawn into closely stitched revers that extend to the waistline.

The skirt is supported by bretelles of voile, bound with silk and the toilette is finished with a jaunty flower toque trimmed with ostrich tips in two of three shades of pink.

Bathing suits are shown in the most attractive models in their history, this summer. All of the essential features of other models are reproduced upon sea-frocks and they are the acme of smartness.

Coin-dotted pongee is used for the costume illustrated, the skirt being laid in scant side plaits stitched down several inches below the hips.

A MODE FOR THE SEASHORE.

At the bottom there are three wide tucks, overstitched with very narrow-bands of silk soutache braid.

The blouse is very attractive with broad tucks on either side, lending the fashionable long effect to the shoulders. The puffed sleeves are finished with ponyee decorated with broderic Anglaise and the same trimming in more elaborte design forms the collar finishing the low-cut neck. A tie of dark blue silk and two large buttons of the same on the collar are extra details that enhance the jauntiness of the costume.

Two styles of dress that will be popular for weddings, are depicted here, and while they are exceedingly lovely, they are also practical for general afternoon wear, bridge parties, etc.

Copenhagen blue crepe de Chine is used for the toilette in the back-ground and the soft silk material is glorified with a trimming of filet net lace darned with Oriental silks in odd designs. The skirt is trimmed in tunic effect with the filet and laid in soft plaits about the elevated waistline, above a narrow girdle of

FROCKS FOR WEDDINGS.

blue silk stitched top and bottom with soutache braid.

The bodice is formed principally of blue chiffon cloth, with a yoke of lace bordered with tucked bands of crepe de Chine. Beyond the tucks are bands of filet net and finally finishing the borders are facings of crepe de Chine.

Twilled foulard is used for the costume whose distinguishing feature is a tunic skirt, bound with satin moire and just escaping the ground all around about an inch.

With it is worn a jacket, semi-fitting and trimmed with an Empire vest of embroidered silk. The sleeves are elbow length with self-stitchings and fancy buttons.

The net fabrics are a joy forever because of their beauty and a blessing to the average woman because they can be fashioned into such handsome frocks at comparatively little expense. Nets are favorite mate-

A SMART FROCK IN DOTTED NET

rial for smart frocks for young girls and a charming example is given of the French way of using them in the model illustrated here.

White net embrodered with polka dots of delicate blue contrives the dress and this is mounted over white silk veiled with delicate blue silk muslin. The skirt is gauged about the waistline and finished at the bottom in tunic effect with a frill of its own material, edged with Valencienne lace and ruchings of satin ribbon. This trimming is frequently interrupted by insets of embroidered guaze, outlined with appliques of Chine ribbon embroidery.

The blouse has the short sleeves cut in one with the front and back while the neck is hollowed out in a deep square and filled in with lace.

Naval Practice.

Breakfast is the only meal aboard ship when guests are not expected; for much of the real ship work of the day is between that time and luncheon hour. Most of the large social affairs are of the nature of afternoon teas and receptions from 3 until 6 o'clock. These teas are really afternoon balls. The decks of the warships are enclosed in canvas and draped with flags of the United States and foreign nations. The admiral of the fleet and the captain of the ship are assisted in receiving by their wives and daughters and those of the officers. After the guest pays his respects to those receiving, dancing is the order of the afternoon and refreshments are served at a buffet in the wardroom or cabin The uniform worn on such occasions, is the frock coat —the afternoon dress of our navy. All the officers dance, for they have been required to pass in this science at the Naval Academy as in higher mathematics. It is part of their duty. When Admiral Higginson was commander of the North Atlantic Squadron midshipmen were made to understand that dancing and the performance of other polite acts on social occasions were necessary; when the admiral entertained some of the younger officers were detailed for dancing duty.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Early Wireless Experiments.

In 1842 Prof. Morse sent signals across the Susquehanna River without metallic connections by means of wires stretched along the bank.

1859—James Lindsay, of Dundee, read a paper before the British Society stating that if wires were run along the coast of America and Great Britain and charged with electricity, he could send messages from Britain to America.

1864— (December)—Clerk Maxwell defined at the Royal Society to a certain extent ether waves, and showed that wireless telegraphy would be possible by means of electro-magnetic waves.

1879—Prof. D. Hughes found that a microphone in connection with the telephone produced sounds in the latter when the microphone was at a distance of several feet from coils through which a currentwas passing.

1885—Sir William Preece of the General Post-Office, London, sent currents between wires a quarter of a mile apart.

1886—Sir William Preece sent currents between parallel telegraph wires four and one-half miles apart.

1892—Sir William Preece established regular connection between Flatholm, an island fort in the British Channel, and Lavernock, on the Welsh coast, three and one-half miles distant.

1897—Marconi sent signals from Lavernock to Flatholm and introduced the high or aerial wire.

Hanged the Shoemaker.

During the struggle between King Charles and the parliament, Pembroke castle was so well fortified that Cromwell, with all his cannon, could not take it.

After many failures he gave up his intention, and began to march on for Tenby; but before he had proceeded far a country shoemaker came up to Cromwell and asked him whether he would reward him if he would tell him how to get the castle into his possession.

Cromwell, very glad of this offer, consented; then the old shoemaker, glad to get some money, as no doubt he was rather poor, told him that there was a pipe through which they got their water, and that if he were to cut the pipe, the castle would surrender.

Cromwell said: "I thank you for the information you have given me, but as you have turned traitor to your countrymen the only reward I will give you is that you shall be hanged on the very next tree that I come to."

Cromwell had the shoemaker hanged and cut the pipe he had told him of, leading to the castle, which then surrendered.—Weekly Telegraph.

Chestnut Leaves in Cigars.

Cigars are being made out of chestnut leaves over in England now days. So far, it appears, the custom has not been introduced into this country. Many men were employed in gathering up the dead leaves in the chestnut groves of several big London parks. The leaves are enclosed in wrappers of real tobacco.

While it is declared that smokers are unable to detect the spurious tobacco no attempt is made to get fancy prices for the cigars They sell for one and two cents a piece.

A Chicago slaughter house makes thousands of dollars monthly by saving the gall stones found in the gall bladder of animals and exporting them to Japan, where they command a high price.

Tricking a Jeweler.

A fashionably dressed woman once alighted from a brougham in west London, and stepped into a hairdresser's shop. She informed the barber that she had a son who was of unsound mind, and that the doctor had ordered his head to be shaved.

Her son, she said, was violent, and she instructed the barber to get a couple of assistants and seize him when he was brought around, to tie him in a chair and shave his head in spite of anything he might say. The barber did not relish the job, but an advance fee of a guinea tempted him and he fell.

Then the "lady" drove to the jeweler's, bought some expensive rings and jewelry, and expressed surprise at having left her purse at home. She offered to drive the jeweler home with her, together with the jewels, and pay him at her residence.

On arriving once more at the barber's the two alighted, and the unfortunate jeweler, at a sign from the lady, was seized and bound to a chair, and in spite of his angry yells and expostulations his head was shaved! Meanwhile the "lady" drove off with three hundred pounds' worth of gems and was never heard of again.—London Paper.

Women is often referred to by man as "doubling his joys and having his sorrows." That may be complimentary but it would seem to be rather hard on the woman. For in plain terms it means that where things are going well with the man his wife makes them go better. But when things are going ill with him, he expects the wife to share half his burden. And there's more truth than poetry in this presentation of masculine selfishness. Men don't appreciate the fact that the strain of motherhood alone is a burden bigger than all the loads that rest upon male shoulders. They see the wife grow thin, pale, nervous and worn without a thought that she is over-burdened. Among the pleasant letters received by Dr. Pierce are those from husbands who have waked up before it was too late to the crushing burdens laid upon the wife, and in the search for help have found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription a restorative which has given back to the mother the health of the maiden and the maiden's happiness. "Favorite Prescription" always helps, and almost always cures. It has perfectly cured ninety-eight out of every hundred women who have used it when afflicted with diseases peculiar to women.

The bob-tailed dog may not be much on the wag, but he can afford to laugh at tin cans.

NASAL CATARRH, an inflamation of of the delicate membrane lining the air-passages, is not cured by any mixtures taken into the stomach. Don't waste time on them. Take Ely's Cream Balm through the nostrils, so that the fevered, swollen tissues are reached at once. Never mind how long you have suffered nor how often you have been disappointed, we know Ely's Cream Balm is the remedy you should use. All druggists, 50c. Mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

You can't convince a small boy that his father punishes him more in sorrow than in anger.

A Reliable Remedy
Ely's Cream Balm
Is quickly absorbed.
Gives Relief at Once.
It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail. In liquid form, 75 cents.
Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

COURTESY IN LONDON SHOWS.

Business of Getting In is all Sounded in a Minor Key.

The Englishman's dislike of noise and fuss is everywhere manifest in London, but nowhere more so than at the theatre. The business of getting in is all sounded in a minor key. There is no unseemly bustle. From the moment that the tall commissionaire—an ex-soldier, with perhaps two or three service medals up on his breast—ushers you in at the front door you are in the hands of well-trained servants. It is as if you were an honored guest at a private house. Even the man in the box office beams you a welcome through his window, and the uniformed attendant seems glad to see you, in spite of the fact that brass buttons have a tendency to dry up the wellsprings of human kindness. He directs you smilingly to the mouth of the tunnel leading to the stalls. Here your ticket—a large, impressive document, printed on white paper and resembling a tax receipt—is taken by a neat young woman, who has been waiting for you. Usually she is in black, with a dainty white apron, lace collar and cuffs, and an exceedingly chic little white lace cap. There are slight variations in this dress, as regards color, in different London theatres. In some the maids' frocks are of the prevailing tint of the interior of the house. Old rose is the hue in one theatre and brown in another. Of course, the maid has a pink and white complexion; five out of six London girls have.

The gentle-voiced, soft-footed girl—a small bundle of programmes hugged to her bosom with one hand and your coppers in the other—glides along the tunnel in front of you and your feminine companion, smiles you into your place and murmurs: "Would you like a programme, sir? Six-pence, if you please. Thank you, sir." She has handed you the programme and two "sirs" in a dozen words, pocketed her sixpense and melted away. Incidentally let it be said that the programme is worth the sixpence, for, unlike the exasperating advertising pamphlet, with the characters, scenes and other information about the play sandwiched in among tooth powder, whiskey and shaving soap puffs on several pages, to which New Yorkers are accustomed, the London theatre programme is a comely article, with the programme proper printed across the two middle pages and the advertisements elsewhere, so that you are not obliged to read them, whether you desire to do so or not. The maid having gone to pilot some one else, there you are in your seat calm and comfortable and you hardly know how you got there. The lady by your side, for whom you are responsible, is unruffled both as to dress and temper, and as she has not worn a hat—hats or bonnets not being permitted in the stalls—she knows her hair is all right. One may get to a seat in the middle of a row in the parquet in a New York theatre in just as good order, but certainly with not so much ease as a rule.—New York Theatre Magazine.

Caught Bird With Fishhook.

William Goodwin, a member of the crew of the fishing schooner Mystery, which has just returned from the Georges, is the leader in a new kind of fisheries in which the bait is a piece of pork and the victim is a bird.

Goodwin modestly disclaims all the title to the original idea, and says that when he went out to handle his trawls he had no idea of making his strange catch.

The prize which he drew in was a fine specimen of gannet which had taken a fancy to the cold pork which baited that particular hook.

When the novelty of the situation had worn off, Goodwin decided to keep his captive, and took it back to the schooner. Since then, whenever the fishermen have gone too close to the bird, they have missed pieces of their oilskin trousers.

The gannet has a sharp and powerful bill, nearly three inches long, and he also has a vicious temper. Since his capture he has constantly reminded the crew of his presence by nipping them in the legs as they passed him.

The bird is a full grown specimen, slightly larger than a duck, and somewhat resembling him in appearance, except for the size of his bill. The one taken by the fisherman is finely marked with flecks of white or dull brown.—Boston Transport.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co.,
Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PARTS without loss of time.

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES } SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES } SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

☞ BOOK MAILED FREE.

RELIEF OF LUCKNOW.

Romantic Incident as Related by M. de Bannevoi, a French Physician.

The following romantic incident connected with the relief of Lucknow, as related by M. de Bannevoi, a French physician, who was in India at the time, is well worth reading:

"On every side death stared us in the face; no human skill could avert it any longer. We resolved rather to die than yield, and were fully persuaded that in twenty-four hours all would be over.

"I had gone out to try and make myself useful, in company with Jessie Brown, wife of a corporal in my husband's regiment. Poor Jessie had been in a state of restless excitement all through the siege, and fallen away visibly.

"At last, overcome with fatigue, she lay down on the ground, wrapped up in her plaid. I myself could no longer resist the inclination to sleep, in spite of the continual roar of the cannon.

Suddenly I was aroused by a wild unearthly scream; my companion stood upright, her arms raised, and her head bent forward. A look of intense delight broke over her countenance; she grasped my hand, drew me toward her and exclaimed:

"'Dinna ye hear it? Dinna ye hear it? Ay, I'm no dreamin', its the slogan o' the Highlanders! We're saved, we're saved!'"

"To describe the effect of these words upon the soldiers would be impossible. For a moment they ceased firing, and every soul listened with intense anxiety. Gradually, however, a murmur of bitter disappointment burst out as the colonel shook his head. Our dull Lowland ears heard nothing but the rattle of the musketry.

"A few moments more of this deathlike suspense and Jessie cried in a voice so clear and piercing that it was heard along the whole line:

"'Will ye no believe it noo? The slogan has ceased indeed, but the Campbell's are comin'. D'ye hear, d'ye hear?'"

"At that moment the pibroch of the Highlanders brought us tidings of deliverance. The shrill, penetrating, ceaseless sound could come neither from the advance of the enemy nor from the work of the Sappers.

"No, it was indeed the blast of the Scottish bagpipes, now shrill and then harsh, as if threatening vengeance on the foe, then in softer tones seeming to promise succor to their friends in need.

"Never surely, was there such a scene as that which followed. Not a heart in the residency of Lucknow but bowed itself before God. All, by one simultaneous impulse, fell upon their knees, and nothing was heard but bursting sobs and the murmured voices of prayer.—Tit-Bits.

Grecian Breadmaking Modernized.

The ancient custom of baking bread in Greece is being changed. In the old oven a fire of branches is kindled in the compartment where the bread is baked, and one of ordinary wood in that beneath. When the oven is sufficiently heated the brushwood and cinders are raked out of the upper, and the bread is put in.

The change, made in the interest of the protection of the forests, is to fit the lower compartment for burning coke at one-half the cost of wood. Many of the bakers of Athens, have alreay changed their form of oven.

CATCHING FISH IN BASKETS.

An Easy Method Which Obtained Around the Bay of Fundy.

The Bay of Fundy has always been a famous fishing ground especially for salmon and shad. Fifty years ago the fish were so plentiful that a method was used to catch them which seems odd nowadays when a fish has at least half a chance to escape the hook or the net.

The tide rises high in the Bay of Fundy and its headwaters, and of this fact the fishermen of fifty years ago took full advantage. At high tide the water makes sizable rivers of tiny streams. Large schools of shad and other fish in those days came up the river with the tide.

The method of catching them was simple in the extreme. At low tide a seine would be staked to the river bed and the top of the seine weighted to the bottom with leads. Then after the tide had risen the fishermen would pull up the seine so that it formed a barrier across the entire river bed.

When the tide began to run out the fish would find their return to the sea and freedom barred effectively. The little fellows, of course, would make their way through the seine, but the ones worth catching would flop impotently against the meshes.

Soon the tide would be out completely, leaving only a foot of water in the river. Several thousand fish would be there for the taking. A pair of rubber boots and a basket would be sufficient equipment for the fishermen, who waded out and gathered them in wholesale.

The fish don't run up the rivers any more, and the seining must be done in the bay itself. This is profitable, it is true, but a fish with half a head can avoid capture for a long time.

ORIGIN OF MOVING PICTURES.

Result of an Experiment to Show Both Sides of a Coin at Once.

The beginning of the moving picture was in this wise: Sir John Herschel after dinner in 1826 asked his friend Charles Babbage, how he would show both sides of a shilling at once. Babbage replied by taking a shilling from his pocket and holding it to a mirror.

This did not satisfy Sir John, who set the shilling spinning upon the table, at the same time pointing out that if the eye is placed on a level with the rotating coin both sides can be seen at once. Babbage was so struck by the experiment that the next day he described it to a friend, Dr. Fitton, who immediately made a working model.

On one side of a disk was drawn a bird, on the other side an empty bird cage. This model showed the persistence of vision on which all moving pictures depend for their effect. The eye retains the image of the object seen for a fraction of a second after the object has been removed. This model was called the thaumotrope.

Next came the zoetrope or wheel of life. A cylinder was perforated with a series of slots and within the cylinder was placed a band of drawings of dancing men. On the apparatus being slowly rotated the figures seen through the slots appeared to be in motion. The first systematic photographs taken at regular intervals of men and animals were made by Muybridge in 1877.

5,000 Mice to the Acre.

If there is a pied piper in the United States who is out of a job he may fall into a good berth with Uncle Sam. It all depends on his ability to get away with field mice as successfully as the pied piper of old disposed of the domestic mice of the little village of Hamelin. The western alfalfa belt of Nevada is overrun by mice, and the farmers are unable to cope with the ravages of the little creatures. The expert sent from the Department of Agriculture to suggest means of eradicating them has failed. He reported to Dr. Henshaw of the biological survey that there were probably as many as 8,000 mice to the acre. He said that in following the plough fifteen minutes he was able to catch with his hands more than 275 young mice. Owls, hawks, badgers, and foxes, which feast on mice, have been killed out by hunters, and the little rodents of the field have been left to flourish and multiply in the midst of their favorite diet. It is said that the department probably will substitute poison for the flute, if no piper appears.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

BIG OFFER

To All Our Subscribers

The Great
AMERICAN FARMER
Indianapolis, Indiana.

The Leading Agricultural Journal of the Nation. Edited by an Able Corps of Writers.

The American Farmer is the only Literary Farm Journal published. It fills a position of its own and has taken the leading place in the homes of rural people in every section of the United States. It gives the farmer and his family something to think about aside from the humdrum of routine duties.

Every Issue Contains an Origihal Poem by SOLON GOODE

WE MAKE THE EXCEPTIONAL OFFER OF

Two for the Price of One: THE COLUMBIAN

The Oldest County Paper and THE AMERICAN FARMER

BOTH ONE YEAR FOR $1.00

This unparalleled offer is made to all new subscribers, and all old ones who pay all arrears and renew within thirty days. Sample copies free. Address:

THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

JUNE ON THE GREAT LAKES.

Restful, delightful, interesting, and instructive, there is no trip like that on the Great Lakes; those inland seas which form the border line between the United States and Canada And June is one of the most charming months in the year in which to take the trip.

For comfort the fine passenger steamships of the Anchor Line have no superiors. As well-appointed as the palatial ocean greyhounds which plow the Atlantic, their schedule allows sufficient time at all stopping places to enable the traveler to see something of the great lake cities and to view in daylight the most distinctive sights of the lakes, and the scenery which frames them.

The trip through the Detroit River, and through Lake St. Clair, with its great ship canal in the middle of the lake, thence through Lake Huron, the locking of the steamer through the great locks at the Soo, and the passage of the Portage Entry, lake and canal, across the upper end of Michigan are novel and interesting features.

The voyage from Buffalo to Duluth covers over eleven hundred miles in the five days' journey. Leaving Buffalo, the steamships Juniata and Tionesta, make stops at Erie, Cleveland, Detroit, Mackinac Island, the Soo, Marquette, Houghton and Hancock, and Duluth,

The 1908 season opens on June 16, when the Steamer Tionesta will make her first sailing from Buffalo.

The Anchor Line is the Great Lake Annex of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the service measures up to the high standard set by the "Standard Railroad of America."

An illustrated folder, giving sailing dates of steamers, rates of fare, and other information is in course of preparation, and may be obtained when ready from any Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Agent, who is also prepared to book passengers who may desire to take this trip through the Great Lakes and back. 6-11-18.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT
June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00 *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.,

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00 †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7.30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER,
Superintendent.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M. †	P.M. †	P.M. †	21 A.M
Bloomsburg D L & W...	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 00
Bloomsburg P & R.....	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill.....	9 14	2 52	6 29	6 20
Light Street.....	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 28
Orangeville.....	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks.....	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners.....	9 40	3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater.....	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton.....	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons.....	10 00	3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek.....	10 03	3 40	7 21	8 16
Laubachs.....	10 08	3 45	7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park.....	10 10	3 47	7 33	....
Central.....	10 15	3 52	7 41	9
Jamison City.....	10 18	3 55	7 45	1

SOUTHWARD

	A.M. †	A.M. †	P.M. †	A.M. §	227 A.M. †
Jamison City.....	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central.....	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	6 01	11 00	4 47	7 12	.....
Laubachs.....	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 52
Coles Creek.....	6 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons.....	6 14	11 09	4 56	7 24	12 10
Benton.....	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater.....	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners.....	6 35	11 29	5 17	7 45	12 58
Forks.....	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville.....	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street.....	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill.....	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. P & R.....	...	...	...	8.25	2 10
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 15

Trains No 21 and 22 mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily. § Sunday only. f Flag Stop.
W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.
12-10-1y

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-chee-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair.
Promotes a luxuriant growth.
Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.
Cures scalp diseases & hair falling.

PATENTS

PROCURED AND DEFENDED. Sold and traded, drawings or models for expert search and free report. How to obtain patents, trade marks, copyrights, etc., IN ALL COUNTRIES. Business direct with Washington saves time, money and often the patent. Patent and Infringement Practice Exclusively. Write or come to us at

925 Ninth Street, opp. United States Patent Office
WASHINGTON, D. C.

CASNOW'S

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS FOR Headache

FOR
NEURALGIA.
SCIATICA.
RHEUMATISM.
BACKACHE.
PAIN IN CHEST.
DISTRESS IN STOMACH.
SLEEPLESSNESS

TAKE ONE of the Little Tablets AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

If you have Headache Try One

They Relieve Pain Quickly, leaving no bad After-effects

25 Doses 25 Cents
Never Sold in Bulk

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000 | Undivided Profits $30.000 | Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Solicits the Business and Accounts of Farmers and Business Men.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED BY A STRONG, CONSERVATIVE AND SAFE MANAGEMENT.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

OFFICERS:

E. W. M. Low, President. Myron I. Low, Vice President.
James M. Staver, Vice President. Frank Ikeler, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

E. W. M. Low, F. G. Yorks, S. C. Creasy, Fred Ikeler,
H. V. Hower James M. Staver, Myron I. Low, Louis Gross,
M. E Stackhouse. Frank Ikeler,

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1908.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS,
JOHN G. McHENY,
of Benton.

FOR MEMBER OF LEGISLATURE,
WM. T. CREASY,
of Catawissa.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
FREEZE QUICK,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
FRANK W. MILLER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN MOUREY,
of Roaring Creek Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
CHARLES L. POHE,
of Catawissa.

JERRY A. HESS,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
CLYDE L. HIRLEMAN,
of Benton Borough,
(Second Term.)

HARRY CREASY,
of Bloomsburg.
(Second Term)

WHAT THE 4th COSTS ANNUALLY

Some Statistics About the Big Price a Sane People Pay for Their Celebration.

The fitting celebration of Independence Day, is a question on which patriotic Americans are separated in two widely divergent parties, one claiming that it ought to be observed as noisily as possible, the other believing that our national birthday is too glorious an occasion to be marred by din and disorder. Of course we know that even among those who favor a boisterous observance there are many who cannot tolerate it themselves, and escape to the country in order to avoid the tortures of the "awful Fourth"—just as we know that a large proportion of the noisemakers including the small boy, too, is heedless, if not ignorant, of all that our holiday stands for, and thinks of it only as a time when clamor may reign unrestrained. The figures which indicate the price that we pay for each of our yearly celebrations are so apalling that one would suppose a knowledge of them would be the most powerful deterrent to our annual massacre. This, unfortunately, is not the case. For the past five years the Journal of the American Medical Association has endeavored to collect statistics setting forth what the celebration of the Fourth costs in life and human usefulness; and although these are admittedly incomplete—compiled, as they are, almost entirely from newspaper reports instead of from records of hospitals, dispensaries and physicians—they form the gravest posible arraigument of the recklessness which is willing to pay such a price for a "jolly day." They show that during the celebration of five national birthdays, from 1903 to 1907 inclusive, 1,153 persons were killed and 22,520 were injured. Of the injured eighty suffered total and 389 partial blindness; 380 persons lost arms, legs or hands, and 1,670 lost one or more fingers. But these figures, startling as they are, convey only a faint idea of the suffering, both physical and mental, which went to swell the total cost of these five holidays. In this we must also include the weeks and often months of anguish of the injured, the suspense of entire families while the fate of some loved one hung in the balance, the horror of a future of sightless years, the pinching poverty now the lot of many because of the death or maiming of the bread-winner.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain.

Woman's Home Companion for July.

The current issue of *Woman's Home Companion* has a Fourth of July cover by James Montgomery Flagg which is attracting a deal of attention. This is a Fourth of July number, with many bright stories not at all too heavy for mid-summer reading. "The Runaway," "Dear Amaryllis," "The Garden of Forgotten Kings," "Sowing Seeds in Danny," give some idea of their titles—and the stories themselves are just as charming as the titles indicate.

Edward everett Hale makes a strong plea for Americans to travel in America and visit at least a few of the wonderful places that exist in our own country, which most of us have never seen. Mrs. Sangster writes on the American woman and the simple life, asserting that they are getting much too far apart. "People Who Shop," told by one behind the counter, will make every woman who reads it much more considerate of the poor shop girl from whom she buys her laces and silks and ribbons.

The so-called "Emmanuel Movement," which was started in Emmanuel Church, Boston, has been so successful that it is being taken up by churches in other cities.

The Rev. Dr. Robert MacDonald, a Brooklyn pastor who has adopted the Emmanuel method of treating at his church nervous and other kindred diseases, tells just what the Emmanuel Movement is and what it hopes to accomplish.

Mrs. Anna Steese Richardson explains what a "welfare secretary" does in a big department store, showing how much help the right sort of woman can be to the hundreds of girl clerks who labor day in and day out behind the counter.

The mid-summer fashions are described and illustrated by Grace Margaret Gould, and Fannie Merritt Farmer, America's greatest teacher of cookery, tells how to get satisfactory meals when far away from market. There are other good things, too, that will interest many women of many tastes.

My Hair Ran Away

Don't have a falling out with your hair. It might leave you! Then what? That would mean thin, scraggly, uneven, rough hair. Keep your hair at home! Fasten it tightly to your scalp! You can easily do it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is something more than a simple hair dressing. It is a hair medicine, a hair tonic, a hair food.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., June 22, 1908.

Washington vacated the centre of the official stage in favor of Chicago last week, with Denver still ahead as the centre of political activities. Most of the officials high up in administration circles who did not go to the convention are gradually departing for their various summer homes. President Roosevelt left on Saturday last for Oyster Bay, but Secretary Taft has not yet completed his plans for the summer and it is not known just when he will be able to get away from the city. It is known, of course, that he now expects to go to his home in Cincinnati some time in July.

***

Complaints come from Chicago that the national convention was "dull," and a prominent member of the national committee is reported as saying that national conventions have lost their interest. Too much is predetermined, he laments, the voters having taken the nomination of a President into their own hands and left only the minor details of the gathering to be worked out by the leaders.

***

Secretary Straus of the Department of Commerce and Labor and Commissioner General Sergeant attended a conference at Ellis Island last week of commissioners at Atlantic ports where immigrants are landed. A specific understanding was reached in the diagnosing of infections diseases to obviate opportunity for aliens refused admission at one port to enter at another, a scheme which had been possible by a slight difference in the medical examination at the various ports.

***

It is expected that early in August, at Fort Myer, Virginia, just over the Potomac from Washington tests will be begun of dirigible balloons and airships by the United States in connection with the work of the signal corps of the army. Contracts have been let for two "heavier than air" machines and one dirigible balloon, from which army officers expect to obtain results of great importance.

***

President Roosevelt, in conjunction with Gifford Pinchot, has taken steps to complete the organization of the national conservation commission last week. Already work has begun in the collection of information upon which the preliminary report of the commission will be based in January next.

***

Officials in Washington realize that the political situation in Cuba is serious, but they place no credence whatever in the reports that the foreign element there is fomenting a revolution for the purpose of compelling the United States to maintain an army in Cuba beyond February 1 next, which is the date set by President Roosevelt for the evacuation of the island Secretary Taft stated, last week, that no reports of a revolutionary movement had been received from Governor Magoon. The municipal provincial elections have been set for August 1 next, and while the election may be attended by disorders in some parts of the island, there is little likelihood that there will be any serious trouble.

***

The information has leaked out recently from one who got it from a member of the Bryan family direct, that Mrs. William J. Bryan has confided to her husband her choice for the Vice Presidency on the Democratic ticket, and it is none other than Woodrow Wilson, president of Princeton University. It is said that Mr. Bryan agrees with his wife and that he declared privately he would like nothing better than to have the distinguished educator and historian for a running mate. According to this same authority, the original choice of Mr. Bryan was Brand Whitlock, the Socialist-Democratic mayor of Toledo, but the energetic young mayor declined the honor on the ground that there was plenty of time yet for him to get into national politics. It seems that Mrs. Bryan is not only a great admirer of the historical writings of Woodrow Wilson, but his success in the educational world appeals to her. Mr. Bryan, so the story goes, has always consulted his wife as to every move he has made, and while he has not always followed her advice, he is said often to have wished that he had. He regards this preference for Woodrow Wilson as about the wisest suggestion she has yet made. President Wilson has not been consulted on the subject.

***

Almost an unanimous opinion prevails among local bankers, business men and clergymen as well as representative Washingtonians that it would be advisable to abolish the present form of government in the District of Columbia, and substitute a single commissioner or governor on whom should centre all responsibility and administrative authority. Many contend that the present triple-headed form of government is unwieldy, and necessarily imposes on the people conditions which could not exist were the responsibility of administering local affairs invested in one executive.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Lippincott's Still Forging Ahead.

Though not so well known as a novelist as her talented sister-in law, Mrs. John Van Vorst has done some work in this line which has elicited high praise. What is probably her greatest novel is published complete in the July *Lippincott's* under the title "Second Quality." The leading character is a middle-aged American who has been so busy amassing millions that he has found no time to cultivate friends. When he finally decides to give up active business life, he goes abroad, where his loneliness palls upon him To his delight he soon makes the acquaintance of a number of people whom he believes to be members of the innermost social circles. The list includes a princess and several other titled personages, but somehow they do not "ring true" to the bluff, simple-hearted American, and in the end he is forced to acknowledge that after all they are "second quality." But all is not glitter and sham in his experiences, for there is a pretty love story woven through the plot. Mrs. Van Vorst is familiar with Nice, Monte Carlo, and the other places she describes, so she is enabled to give the reader a most interesting and convincing picture of them. Dorothea Deakin, Will Levington Comfort, Clifford Howard, Caroline Lockhart, Karl von Kraft, and others contribute short stories, and there are a number of excellent special articles as well. Another feature, and not the least popular one, is "Walnuts and Wine." There are few who haven't heard of "Walnuts and Wine," even among those who do not read *Lippincott's* regularly, for it is probably the most widely quoted humorous section published in America.

THE DEMON SNUFF.

Southern Papers Have Taken Up the Cudgel Against It.

The Jackson News has taken up the cudgels against the use of snuff—not the old time method of taking a pinch by the nostrils, but the dipping of Scotch snuff, which was formerly quite common in certain section of Mississippi and other Southern States and which is still practiced to an extent which one would scarcely believe except for the statistics on the sale of Scotch snuff in these States.

Strange enough, the fight against the snuff habit in Mississippi was started by the barbers' union of Jackson and has been taken up by other labor organizations. Why the barbers should be so particularly opposed to the snuff habit is not clear, except that a man with his under lip loaded with about three drachms of the powder might explode in a sneeze and put the barber's eyes out.

Other labor organizations have taken up the subject and are backing the News and the barbers in their efforts to put down the demon snuff. The Jackson News says that no movement started in that State in recent years seems to have met with such hearty response. In many places in the State clubs are being organized for the purpose of pushing on the work. Members of the Legislature are receiving letters from their constituents in regard to the matter, and by the time the Legislature meets in January public sentiment in the State will have been so crystalized that there will be no trouble in securing the needed legislation.

Wax Producing Insects.

An interesting series of wax-producing insects from India, China and elsewhere has been placed in the British Natural History Museum at South Kensington. From the secretions of one species of these little creatures—found in profusion on the bark of fig and other trees—a number of articles of commercial value are produced. Among these are seal-ing wax, shellac, seedlac and butterlac, specimens of which are exhibited at the museum side by side with the wax in its original form.

SUBSTANTIAL

Lowering of Suit Prices!

Today we commence a period of Suit Selling destined to be the best in the department's history. To get quickly to the bottom of the matter, these few facts are told. Within a very short time the space occupied by these suits will be taken for advance summer garments. This low price method is taken to get what Spring Suits remain out in time to accommodate the new arrivals.

The following prices will prove interesting to the woman who has yet to purchase her Spring Suit.

$10.00 SUITS FOR $7.50.

Latest styles stripes and plain colors. Sale Price $7.50.

$12.00 SUITS FOR $9.98.

Blue and brown, self striped Panama, Prince Chap Style. Sale Price $9.98.

$14.00 SUITS FOR $10.00.

Worsteds and self stripe Panama, Prince Chap and Cutaway style. Sale Price $10.00.

$17.50 SUITS FOR $15.50.

Excellent quality of Chiffon Panama, blues, browns and black. Jacket 27 inches, ¾ fitting back with dip front, worth $20.00. Sizes 14 to 40. Sale Price $15.50.

$18.00 and $20.00 SUITS FOR $12.98.

Sizes 14 to 36—ev ry suit a new creation.

22.50 and 23.00 SUITS FOR 16.00

Elegant materials and tailorings—blues, brown and greens. Many of the best models. Sale Price $16.00.

25.00 SUITS FOR 17.50.

Excellent assortment, most all sizes in this lot. Best styles included. High grade handsome materials.

32.00 and 35.00 SUITS FOR 25.00.

The newest creations. Some of them copies of fine imported models, fine quality of fabrics—good color variety. Sale Price $25.00.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

We Have Ten Styles of

Envelopes and Paper to Match

—FOR—

Invitations, Acceptances, Regrets, Announcements, &c.

Full size Wedding with two Envelopes, down to Billet-doux size with Card to Fit.

Twenty-Four Styles of Type

FOR CARDS AND INVITATIONS.

We Do All Kinds of Printing

Columbian Printing House,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Before that cough turns into a serious throat or lung trouble, stop it with

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds

It has proved its real value during 75 years.
Ask your druggist for it.

EVANS' SHOE STORE

Ready for Spring Business.

Great 1908 Spring line of Shoes and Oxfords. Every Shoe or Oxford in our Spring line will carry with it ALL THE QUALITY it is possible to put into a shoe consistent with price.

Prices $1.50 to $6.00

ALL SIZES.

THE PROGRESSIVE SHOE STORE

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 25 1908

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

HALF YEARLY MEETING OVER.

Most Successful Gathering of Society of Friends Closed at Millville Friday.

Friday marked the closing of one of the most successful half yearly meetings ever held by the Friends of Millville. Mrs. Linville and Mr. John who made the chief addresses, are speakers of note and their messages were well received. The meetings were exceptionally well attended.

On Thursday the regular half yearly session was held at which time Mrs. Sarah J. Linville, of Philadelphia, gave an excellent address. William U. John also gave a very able talk. The regulaa session closed with a beautiful prayer by Mrs Linville.

At the business session which followed, all of the representatives of the two monthly meetings, Roaring Creek and Millville, which had been appointed to attend, were present. The regular order of business was carried out.

The youths meeting was held yesterday and was largely attended. Interesting addresses were given by Mrs. Linville and Mr. John. John Kester led in prayer after which the meeting closed by a very earnest prayer by Mrs. Linville.

AUTO COLLIDED WITH BUGGY.

A collision occurred at the corner of Market and Fourth streets Tuesday afternoon between the automobile of V. V. Haidacker, of Danville, driven by Mrs. Haidacker, and the buggy of Harry Wilson, driven by Mr. Wilson.

The auto. was going up Market street and the horse and buggy were coming out Fourth street. The collision occurred in front of the Leader store.

A wheel of the buggy was broken off, and Jared Wilson, the young son of Mr. Wilson, was thrown to the ground and slightly bruised. The wagon fell over on him, but fortunately the horse made no effort to get away and a more serious accident was prevented.

The owner of the auto. soon appeared and settled the damages.

SUMMER SCHOOL OUTING.

The students of the Benton Summer School were given a day's outing Saturday and about 135 of them took the early train on the B. and S. and went to Jamison City where they enjoyed a educational excursion through the large saw mill and tannery at that place. The different processes in the several departments were explained to them, making the trip very profitable.

Following this trip they took the accommodation freight and returned as far as Grassmere Park where the remainder of the day was delightfully spent. The program of the day's events included a large number of amusements including sack races, peanut and wheelbarrow races and many others. At 4:45 they took the train and returned to Benton.

THE NORMAL CATALOGUE.

The catalogue of the Bloomsburg State Normal School for 1908-9 has been printed at this office, and is nearly ready for delivery. It contains 133 pages of reading matter, including a list of the Alumni with their addresses, and eight half tone prints.

It took 2500 pounds of white paper, 440 pounds of enameled paper, and 320 pounds of cover, so that the aggregate weight of the 5500 books is 3260 pounds.

Here is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered an aromatic, pleasant herb cure for women's ills, called **Australian Leaf.** It is the only certain regulator. Cures female weaknesses and, Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cents. Sample FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y. 6-11-4t

Coal Mining from River Bottom.

With from fifty to sixty tons of coal being taken from the river at Espy and Almedia every day the business of dredging for coal has become an important one and one which means much to the residents of those towns. Fourteen teams are regularly employed to haul the coal from the river bank to various industries, which use a large percentage of the coal in their furnaces.

The beds of coal in the bottom of the river at Espy and Almedia vary in thickness from six inches to three feet, and is easily gotten by means of the coal dredges which are owned by Dent & Sharpless, and by Mr. Huffman.

The work is not confined to the coal dredges, but many individual families are securing enough for their own use by means of a row boat and rakes or by wading into the water and shoveling it from the bottom of the stream. One man has already secured twenty tons by this means.

Swimming in Eden's Clothes Now Means Arrest.

Chief of Police Baum hereby serves notice on all so inclined that bathing without tights will hereafter be tabooed and arrests will follow every violator who is caught. Officers whose duty it will be to make arrests will be on the job and nothing will suit the general public better than to have a few boys—and men—who seem to be altogether bereft of decency, placed under arrest. Passengers on the Danville trolley are compelled to witness the sight of men bathing without a semblance of covering, while it is not infrequent that young ladies passing along the back creek road are insulted by youths bathing "at the logs." The situation—and common decency—requires a little activity on the part of the police force. Get busy and make arrests, and plenty of them, if necessary.

Cleaning Silk Fabrics.

"Silk of any kind or color may be cleaned in the following manner," says *Woman's Home Companion* for July. "For every quart of water to be used in washing a dress, pare and grate one large potato. Put the grated potatoes into the water, which must be cold and soft; let stand two days without being disturbed in any way, then very carefully pour off the clear liquid from the sediment into a large, convenient vessel, into which dip the pieces of silk up and down.

"Of course, the silk must not be creased by wringing; let it hang and drip nearly dry, then lay it flat on the table, and wipe it first on one side and then on the other. If necessary to press it, do so between flannel with a moderate iron."

Of Interest to Women.

The Philadelphia Press has a woman's page of unequaled value to the women readers, written by women about news in which women have a vital interest. Every woman should read this Great Home Newspaper. The subscription price by mail is $3.00 per year, or, if served by carrier, *The Daily Press* costs one cent each weekday and five cents a copy on Sunday. Handsome premiums are given to readers of *The Philadelphia Press*. Write for a catalogue.

If we were the Courts the first thing we should do would be to enjoin Uncle Joe Cannon, John Dalzell and Sereno E. Payne from defending us.—*New York World.*

Albra W. Baker, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

DISEASES OF CHILDREN A SPECIALTY

Corner of Third and West Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hours:—Until 10 a. m. 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Both Telephones.

5-7-6m

The "God-With-Us" Cure for Human Ills.

Rev. Dr. Robert MacDonald tells in the July *Woman's Home Companion* how the church is once more becoming active in the cure of human ills. Through the "Emmanuel Movement," started at Emmanuel Episcopal Church in Boston and taken up by Doctor MacDonald in his own church in Brooklyn, the church is again saying, "Arise, take up thy bed and walk."

"The complaint is going up from everywhere," says Doctor MacDonald, "that the church is losing its hold on practical men and women. The reason is not that the church is not faithful to its duty, but that the world has increased its facilities to satisfy man But here is a new way of reaching the man of the world. His modern way of living, with all its hurry and worry, has gotten onto his nerves. He sleeps poorly, is depressed and melancholy, has nervous breakdowns, is dyspeptic and sluggish and miserable. The same man who will not listen to a purely spiritual appeal wants help, and wants it badly. The church that can promise him health with which to do HIS work, wins him. His bodily pain is very real to him, for it is so much nearer than a cramped and dormant spirit of which he is not conscious.

"Where does the Emmanuel Movement differ from Christian Science? There can be said to be only one point of similarity. It is that both are desirous of getting rid of disease. But they do no sooner join issue than they disagree. The point of separation is in what constitutes curable and incurable malady. The Emmanuel Movement treats only 'functional disorders of the nervous system.' Christian Science does not distinguish between functional and organic diseases. Then, again, the Emmanuel Movement works hand in hand with physicians, taking only such cases as they recommend, cases that are beyond the reach of drugs and the ordinary medical prescription."

Wise and Otherwise.

Mr. Benton Holme — "Why, where's the new chambermaid?" Mrs. Benton Holme—"I told her to dust this morning, and an hour later I found that she had dusted."—*Boston Record.*

Every one bears his own cross.—Italian.

"Search the poets, young man," advised the philosopher. "Search the poets." "Aw, what's de use?" complained the ex-pickpocket. "I searched a poet onct and all I got wuz a pawn ticket."—*Kansas City Journal.*

A woman has an awful clever way of not knowing anything but being able to manage a man who knows it all.—*New York Press.*

Mrs. Duff (to new maid)—"But, Mary, there are only two in the family, Mr. Duff and myself. Why have you set places for three?" The New Maid—"Sure, ma'am, it was the cook that told me you had a pianer player in the house."—*Harper's Weekly.*

If you have one true friend, think yourself happy.—French.

First Hobo—"I told that woman I had beat my way around de world." Second Hobo—"Was she interested?" First Hobo—"Yes; she got out a rug and told me I could beat my way to de dinner table."—*Syracuse Herald.*

Ill-founded enmities are ever the most obstinate.—Cardinal de Retz.

"No, Jack, I'm afraid it's impossible! We should never get on well together. You know, I always want my own way so much!" He—"Well, that's all right! You could go on wanting it after we are married!"—*Comic Cuts.*

After all the subjects that have been discussed during this Administration, one cannot help wondering what the next President can say that will sound at all original.—*Washington Post.*

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.

Chas. P. Elwell announces that he will be pleased to receive all former pupils on violin and pianoforte, as well as new ones. No beginners taken, and no evening lessons, owing to band and orchestra work. Latest and best methods.

Terms strictly cash by the lesson or month. Address Hotel Hidlay, Bloomsburg, or call up on Bell 'phone any afternoon between 1 and 2. tf

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa. post office: Mr. H. Alfred, Mr. A. L. Lindhoff, Mr. Jacob Reis, Jr., M. L. Rogers. Cards: Mr. Harry Harman, Mrs. Sarah Snyder.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

GROVER CLEVELAND DIES.

Former President Succumbs at His Princeton Home.

Princeton, N. J., June 25.—Grover Cleveland, former President of the United States, died on Wednesday at his home here.

His death was sudden and unexpected, as it had been reported that he was rapidly recovering from an attack of gout and indigestion, to which he succumbed several weeks ago, following a visit to Lakewood.

At Lakewood he was confined for weeks in a darkened room, secluded from all persons with the exception of his wife, nurses, and the attending physician.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

For several days while at Lakewood it was reported that his condition was so serious that he would not recover, but he rallied, and his robust constitution sustained the attack of illness so well that he was enabled to return to his home in Princeton a few weeks ago and since then has been reported as convalescent.

Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland have been in Princeton since June 1, the day of their return from Lakewood. The children are at Tanworth, N. H., with Mrs. Cleveland's mother.

NINE NEGROES LYNCHED.

Wholesale Killing Follows Murder of White Man at Hemphill Texas.

Houston, Texas, June 25.—Nine negroes have been killed in a race war in Sabine County, and an organized band of 150 whites have defied the authorities and threatened to exterminate blacks if there is any attempt at reprisal. Five of the negroes were hanged from the limb of a tree and four were shot. The bodies of two were thrown into a ditch, the body of another was carried and left at the gate of a man he had threatened. The entire negro population is in state of terror, and many hundreds have fled the county.

The outbreak is the worst in the history of the State, and had its start with the murder of Hugh Dean, a prosperous young farmer, two weeks ago. Dean was killed in a negro church. Prohibition is the law in Sabine county, but there are negroes who sell liquor under cover of the church. Dean had gone to the church to buy whiskey and a full bottle was found in his hand. There was a crowded congregation and the man was shot down in the aisle. The men and women filed out and did not make known the murder. A searching party found the body the following morning.

An investigation was begun and on the testimony of several blacks that the murder had been plotted in a school house, 100 yards from the church, Frank Williams, Jerry Evans, Will Johnson, Mose Spellman, Clever Williams and Will Manuel were arrested and locked in the county jail in Hemphill. Strong testimony was given against the men at a preliminary hearing, and at a secret meeting of the white on Friday night it was decided to lynch the six men.

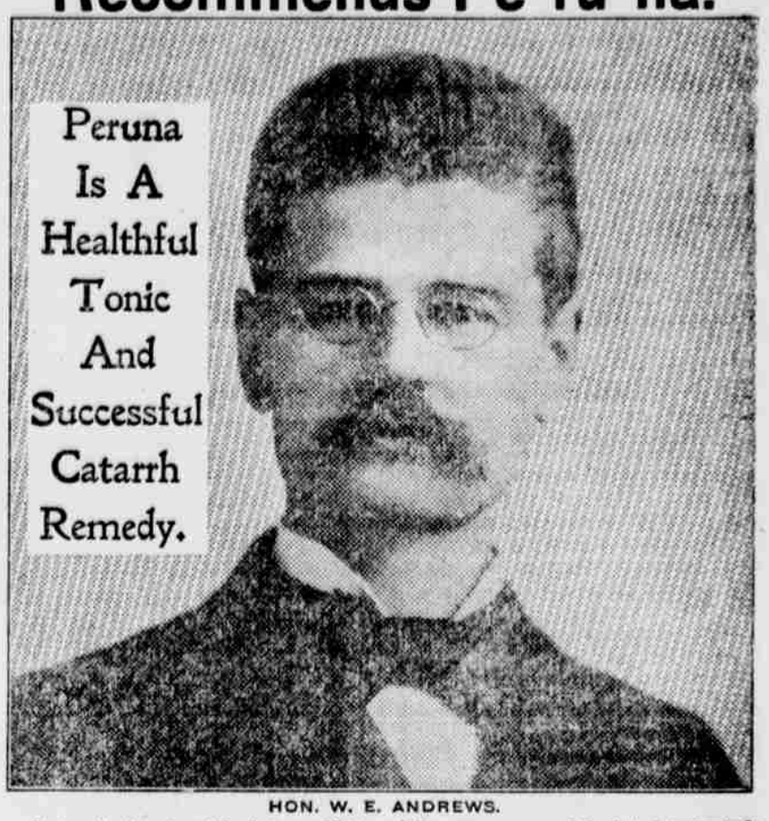
The six negroes were stood in line below a thick limb reaching almost across the road a mile from the jail. It had been planned to string up all together. Six ropes had been thrown over the limb, and groups of men were ready to swing the negroes off their feet. Just when the order was given to tighten the ropes Frank Williams made a break for liberty.

The man was permitted to go about 200 yards. Then the mob, bursting into cheers, began shooting with rifles. More than fifty shots were fired and Williams went down with his body pierced by a dozen bullets. Shots were fired at the body in the road and a bullet went through the sole of the right foot and plowed up the leg. The body was left where it fell and the mob turned to the executions. The men were hanged without delay, and hotheads were restrained from firing into the bodies.

U. S. Breaks With Venezuela.

Washington, June 25.—The State Department has received official notification of the departure of Jacob Sleeper, Secretary of the American Legation at Caracas, Venezuela. No official information could be obtained of the actual break of diplomatic relations with Venezuela. It seems to be acepted that there has been a rupture and that Secretary Sleeper has been recalled.

MEMBER 54TH CONGRESS U. S. Recommends Peruna.



HON. W. E. ANDREWS.

Nebraska has furnished to our National Congress some of the brightest minds that have ever adorned that great national legislature. Men of push and fire, men of great oratorical and intellectual resources, men who have done much to shape the destinies of the great western section of our country.

Among these modern statesmen of that versatile, American type, is **Hon. W. E. Andrews**, of Hastings, Nebraska. Hon. Andrews was formerly Vice President of Hastings College, and established an excellent record as a promulgator of public education before he became a member of Congress. Speaking of Peruna, he says:

"I cheerfully recommend the preparation, Peruna, as a healthful tonic and a successful remedy for catarrh in its various forms."—Hon. W. E. Andrews.

Hon. Thomas Cale, who was elected to Congress from Alaska, is well known on the Pacific slope, where he has resided. His Washington address is 1312 Ninth street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Congressman Cale writes of Peruna:

"I can cheerfully recommend Peruna as a very efficient remedy for coughs and colds."

Some people prefer to take tablets rather than to take medicine in a fluid form. Such people can obtain Peruna tablets, which represent the medicinal ingredients of Peruna. Each tablet is equivalent to one average dose of Peruna.

Hon. C. Slemp, Congressman from Virginia, whose home address is Big Stone Gap, Va., writes:

"I can cheerfully say that I have used your valuable remedy, Peruna, with beneficial results, and can unhesitatingly recommend your remedy to my friends as an invigorating tonic and an effective and permanent cure for catarrh."

Mr. Boss Craig, Fork Vale, Tenn., had catarrh of the head for two years and had abandoned all hope of being cured, but to his surprise Peruna cured him sound and well.

INTEREST TO YOU.

We are now giving you extra large interest on your money in the way of Big Reduction in prices of many lots of goods. It will pay you to visit the CLARK STORE.

GALATEA CLOTHS

For Suits, Skirts and Childrens wear..... 15c yd

DRESS GINGHAMS.

A lot of 12½c Dress Ginghams at..... 10c yd

32 in. PERCALES

in Newest Patterns for Wash Suits, Waists, Skirts, &c., regular 12½c goods....now 10c

WHITE PETTICOATS

A big line newest effects, all prices. See the 85c., 98c., $2.00 and $2.50.

HOSIERY

All kinds, All Colors. All Prices. See them.

WHITE DRESS GOODS

All kinds for all purposes. All at special prices. Come and see the goods. You can save money.

PRINTED BATISTE

Regular 10c goods. Good patterns.....now 2½c

TAILORED SUITS

A away down go the prices on these fine stylish Suits. Nearly ½ off now. See them.

16c PERCALES NOW 12½c

All the newest printings including plain colors, best goods of kind made. Yard wide, now 12½c yard.

KNIT UNDERWEAR

Fine line regular sizes, and for stout or large people.

THE CLARK STORE

Pennsylvania Railroad

PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS TO

NIAGARA FALLS

July 8, 22, August 5, 19, September 9, 23, October 7, 1908

Round-Trip Rate $7.30 from East Bloomsburg

Tickets good going on train leaving 11:45 A. M., connecting with Special Train of Pullman Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Day Coaches running via the

PICTURESQUE SUSQUEHANNA VALLEY ROUTE

Tickets good returning on regular trains within FIFTEEN DAYS, including date of excursion. Stop-off within limit allowed at Buffalo returning.

Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.

GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

6-25-16t

A Fast Record.

One of the Illinois Congressmen has a good story of a political convention in that State for the purpose of nominating a candidate for an important office.

The district was a close one, and the necessity of selecting a popular man was thoroughly recognized. A speaker had just nominated a personal friend for the position, and in an elaborate eulogy had presented in glowing terms his manifold merits, especially emphasizing his great services on the field of battle, as well as in the pursuits of peace.

After he had finished a voice was heard in the rear of the room. "What we want is the man that will run the best."

In an instant the orator was again on his feet.

"If you think," he yelled, "that this convention can find anybody that can run better than the gentleman I have nominated, I point once more to his well known war record."—*July Lippincott's.*

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

TAFT NAMED; FIRST BALLOT

Throng Makes a Great Demonstration for Roosevelt.

702 VOTES FOR SEC'Y

Attempt at Stampede Checked by Senator Lodge—Another Tremendous Outburst for the President—Never a Moment When Taft's Nomination Was in Doubt.

Chicago, June 25.—William Howard Taft of Ohio, was nominated for the Presidency of the United States on the first ballot last Thursday by the Republican party assembled in convention here. The roll was called in the midst of a deafening uproar and an attempt to stampede the convention for Roosevelt. Senator Lodge, the Permanent Chairman of the Convention, announced that Mr. Taft had received 702 votes. On the motion of Gen. Stewart L. Woodfard of New York, the nomination was made unanimous.

WILLIAM H. TAFT.

For more than two hours the delegates and 10,000 visitors had swelered in the almost overpowering heat of the packed Coliseum. For many hours the task of nominating various candidates had been going on. Then at the close came the attempt at a stampede, and the ovation accorded President Roosevelt was repeated. Weary and warm though every one in the hall was, the tremendous outburst swept everyone out the delegates and the chairman from their feet, metaphorically, and had it not been for the fact that the delegates were not to be stampeded under any circumstances the result of the convention might have been different. As it was there never was one minute when there was a chance of a real stampede; there never was an instant when Taft's nomination was in doubt

Sherman for Second Place.

Chicago, June 25.—Representatives James S. Sherman, of Utica, N. Y., was nominated for Vice-President last Friday by the Republican National Conventon on the first ballot.

The total vote was Sherman, 816; Guild, 75; Murphy, 77; Fairbanks, 1; Sheldon, 10; Absent 1.

Senator Crane of Massachusetts, and Gov. Fort of New Jersey, moved that the nomination be made unanimous and this was done by a viva voce vote.

JAMES S. SHERMAN.

Sherman's name was presented to the convention by State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff, who was well received, but the convention broke loose when "Uncle Joe" Cannon seconded the nomination. Gov. G. W. Wilson of Kentucky, followed for Sherman.

There were so many states eager to second the nomination of Sherman, that finally Chairman Lodge cut the scramble short by ordering the calling of the roll.

Sherman had 420, Guild 48 and Murphy 32 when New Jersey gave its ex-Governor its whole 24.

New York's solid 78 votes then nominated Sherman and there was great cheering. His vote ran up steadily to 816 out of the total 980.

Upon the announcement of the vote a big picture of Sherman was raised and the convention roared its approval for five minutes.

CHEERS FOR ROOSEVELT

Roused By Lodge, Tumult Lasts Forty-five Minutes.

SAYS NO THIRD TERM

This Sentiment Cheered and Thousands Cry Four Years More Until Many Delegates Join in Exciting Scene—Most Abused and Most Popular Man in the Country.

Chicago, June 25.—"Four, four, four years more!"

Groups of men began to roar this refrain hoarsely against the Coliseum roof when their lungs were spent from cheering for Roosevelt. They kept it going, squad after squad of singers taking it up, as one by one others grew tired of the strain until the demonstration had broken all national convention records and the watches had clicked off three-quarters of an hour from the time that there had fallen from Henry Cabot Lodge's lips the statement that the President "is the best abused and the most popular man in the country to-day."

The end of the sentence that the permanent chairman had flung in the teeth of the stolid foes of Roosevelt had not cut the tense air of the auditorium before the riot was under way.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

For some minutes the usual scenes attending such an outbreak in a national convention passed before the eye in swift succession. Genuine enthusiasm possessed the crowd, as was manifest from the thoughtless acts of scores. Men and women waved whatever happened to be in their hands. Maybe it was a Democratic newspaper, with flaring headlines, or it might be an umbrella or a box of candy. In the first five minutes of the demonstration the most cynical observer would not have thrown any doubt on the sincerity of the tribute paid to the President. The brother of Vice President Fairbanks joined in the outbreak from a conspicuous place on the stage.

Senator Lodge dropped back in his seat and let the mob rave. On his face was no smile of satisfaction.

SENATOR H. C. LODGE.

It was not until the obstinate third-term shouters had spent the last ounce of their energy and sank exhausted into their seats that the composed and confident Massachusetts Senator arose to resume his speech. In a few moments after he had regained the command of the gavel which had been torn from his hands, Mr. Lodge let his clear tones ring out the phrases that would put an end for all time to the third-term craze:

"Any one who attempts to use his name as a candidate for the Presidency impugns both his sincerity and his good faith, two of the President's greatest and most conspicuous qualities, upon which no shadow has ever been cast."

The great crowd gasped and strained its ears. Again Lodge hurled the rebuke.

"That man is no friend of Theodore Roosevelt and does not cherish his name and fame, who now, from any motive, seeks to urge him as a candidate for the great office which he has finally declined.

VOICES LABOR'S DEMANDS.

Samuel Gompers Presents Injunction Plank to Committee.

Chicago, June 25.—When the subcommittee of the resolutions committee met the doors were thrown open to grant a short hearing to representatives of the American Federation of Labor and the Illinois Manufacturers' Association.

President Samuel Gompers and Vice Presidents Keefe and Duncan appeared for the federation, and Mr. Gompers made suggestions acceptable to labor men.

He proposed the following anti-injunction plank:

We pledge ourselves to the enactment of a law to prohib: the issuance of injunctions in cases arising out of labor disputes, when such injunctions would not apply when no labor disputes existed; and that in no

SAMUEL GOMPERS.

case shall an injunction be issued when there exists a remedy by the ordinary process of law.

And which act shall provide that in the procedure for the punishment of contempt of court the party cited for contempt shall, when such contempt was not committed in the actual presence of the court, be entitled to a trial by jury.

Gompers also asked for pledge of a law exempting wage-earners and farmers from the anti-trust law; eight hours for all government employes; a general employers' liability act; woman's suffrage, and a separate department of labor.

"We do not want to eat an employer as an appetizer for breakfast or as a dessert for dinner," said Gompers, "but we want fair treatment and we are going to have it.

"We are not anarchists or destroyers of property. I do not believe there is in existence in this country a force and power that is such a conservator of peace as the American labor movement.

"If you outlaw our movement and make it impossible, and destroy the incentive for men to belong to labor organizations, you will find the expression of discontent take some other form, and you will have to deal with that."

CHIEF POINTS OF THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Unqualified indorsement of the policies advocated by President Roosevelt.

Indorsement of the emergency currency legislation.

Unequivocal declaration for a revision of the tariff by a special session of Congress following the inauguration of the next President.

Development of a permanent currency system.

Establishment of a postal savings bank system.

Indorsement of the Sherman Anti-Trust law and a recommendation that it be further strengthened by legislation.

Indorsement of the Railroad Rate law and the laws against rebating.

Indorsement of the Employers' Liability law.

Modified anti-injunction plank.

Equal justice for the negro.

Favoring ship subsidies.

More liberal administration of the pension laws.

Sherman in a Hospital.

Cleveland, June 25.—James S. Sherman, Republican nominee for the Vice-Presidency, was removed to the Lakeside Hospital Tuesday, sufferiug with gall stones, an old ailment. Physicians in attendance announced that his illness was more painful than serious, and, that while his condition had caused some alarm, it was by no means considered critical. He will in all probability be in the hospital for several days, and an operation may be necessary, though this is not certain. Dr. John M. Finney, a specialist of Baltimore, has been summoned and what action will be taken will rest largely on his decision.

A gall stone, so called, is merely thickened bile. It hardens until the stones are formed in the gall bladder or biliary duct. They are of various shapes and sizes, from that of a pea to that of a small cherry. A dozen, or, in extreme cases, half a handful, may occlude or close the biliary duct.

They cause an arrest of the flow of bile. In extreme cases when this occurs, the pain is severe, often agonizing. If medical relief fails, a surgeon is called in, when an operation is in order. In the olden days any opening of the abdominal cavity generally meant death. To-day, thanks to antiseptic surgery, scores and scores of these important major operations are performed without a fatal result.

FIRST PLACE OR NOTHING

So Gov. John A. Johnson, of Minnesota, Declares Himself.

TROUBLE FOR BRYAN

Will Not Accept the Nomination for Vice-Presidency Under Any Circumstances—If Nominated Will Compel Committee to Make Another Choice.

Chicago, June 25.—Governor John Johnson of Minnesota, will not permit the nomination of William Jennings Bryan by the Democratic party at its National Convention in Denver on July 7 without a struggle. He threw down the gauntlet when, through his campaign management he announced:

"I will not accept the nomination for the Vice-Presidency under any circumstances. If there is such a nomination, I shall compel the national committee to make another choice."

This situation means trouble for the Democrats at Denver. Although the Bryan following announce they have two thirds of the delegates instructed for Bryan, the Johnson forces are far from quitting. They claim to have found a situation in the Democratic party which is a black cloud on the Bryan horizon.

Manager Nappen speaking of the situation said:

GOV. JOHN A. JOHNSON.

"We have some conventions to hear from yet. It is not all over. Bryan has not two-thirds of the delegates yet. We are going into Denver to win the nomination for Mr. Johnson and not to have him in the second place.

"People say it will make a strong ticket. It will never be a ticket. If Mr. Johnson is nominated he will not accept under any circumstances."

There are still four State conventions to be held. These involve sixty-four delegates. If two of them instruct for Bryan he will have two-thirds of the delegates and enough to nominate on the first ballot. Here are the States yet to be heard from:

Georgia, doubtful; 26 delegates. North Carolina, doubtful; 24 delegates. Vermont, probably Bryan; 8 delegates. Montana, probably Bryan; 6 delegates.

Dies After Forty Days Fast.

Chicago, June 24.—Mrs. Louisa Thompson, 40 years old, a resident of Zion City, the north shore town founded by the late John Alexander Dowie, died from starvation after a forty day fast.

BASE BALL.

Standing of the Clubs.

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	32	20	.615	Philadelphia	24	27	.471
Pittsburg	34	21	.586	Boston	25	32	.438
Cincinnati	31	25	.554	St. Louis	24	34	.414
New York	30	25	.545	Brooklyn	21	34	.382

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	35	23	.603	Philadelphia	26	30	.464
St. Louis	34	24	.586	Boston	26	34	.433
Cleveland	32	25	.561	New York	24	32	.429
Detroit	32	25	.561	Washington	20	36	.357

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT—No. 2, Red, 98½c. No. 1, Northern Duluth, $1.15⅛.

CORN—No. 2, 74½@77c.

OATS—Mixed, white, 53@55c.

BUTTER—Western firsts, 22½c@23c. State Dairy 21½@22½c.

CHEESE—State, full cream, 11¾@12¾c.

EGGS—State and nearby, fancy, 21@22c.; do., good to choice, 19@20½c.; western firsts, 15½@17½c.

BEEVES—City Dressed, 10@11½c. Country Dressed, 8@11c.

SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., $3.00@$5.00.

HOGS—Live per 100 lbs., $4.90@$6.05.

HAY—Prime per 100 lbs., 90c.

STRAW—Long Rye, 75@90c.

LIVE POULTRY—Spring Chickens per lb., 20c.; Turkeys per lb., 12c.; Ducks per lb., 11@12c.; Fowls per lb., 13½c.

DRESSED POULTRY—Turkeys per lb., 12@17c.; Fowls per lb., 10@13½c.; Chickens, Phila., per lb., 35@40c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, State per sack, $2.50@$3.00.

ONIONS—White per crate $1.00@$1.25.

A Valuable Invention.

An industrial novelty of exceptional interest is a new substance, "cellite"—so named by its inventor, Dr. A. Eichengrun Elberfeld, who described it in a recent lecture delivered before a scientific association at Dusseldorf. While resembling celluloid in some respects, it is distinguished in being non-combustible. Moreover, it is available not only for the manufacture of hard-finished articles of all descriptions, but for elastic utensils. In all cases the things made of cellite are transparent as glass, not breakable, and not affected by water. The inventor is convinced that cellite will be substituted in many cases for glass, gelatine, celluloid, leather, and rubber. First, however, means must be found for reducing its cost.

In Afghanistan.

The primitive "eye for an eye" code would still seem to be in force in Afghanistan, where the Amir threatens to tear out the tongue of every one of his subjects who shall preach war against India, and cut off the feet of every one who shall cross the frontier. Trust promoters in Afghanistan are probably strangled.

The women of Bermuda, eating onions plentifully, have the finest complexions in the world.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, JULY 18th, 1908

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain messuage, piece, parcel and tract of land, situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner in the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Light Street and corner of land of J. J. Mussleman, thence in said road south forty-four degrees west two hundred and forty-one feet to a point in said road, thence south sixty degrees west two hundred and eighty-seven feet to a point in said road, thence south sixty-four degrees forty-five minutes west one hundred feet to a post in said road, thence south seventy-two degrees forty-five minutes west two hundred and forty-three feet to a post in said road, thence north eighty six degrees west two hundred feet to a post in said road, thence south eighty-seven degrees thirty minutes west one hundred feet to a post in said road, thence south seventy-one degrees fifteen minutes west three hundred and sixty-four feet to a post corner in said road, at a private road leading to Rosemont Cemetery Co., thence by said road and other lands of said Armstrong north sixty degrees and thirty minutes east one hundred and forty-eight and five-tenths feet to a stake, thence north fifty-four degrees thirty minutes east one hundred and eighteen and five-tenths feet to a stake, thence north thirty-two degrees ten minutes east seventy-four feet to a stake, thence north ten degrees forty minutes east one hundred and ninety-nine and five-tenths feet to a stake, thence north nine degrees five minutes east one hundred and eighty-one feet to a stake, thence north four degrees fifteen minutes east one hundred and thirty-eight feet to a stone corner and other land of said Armstrong, thence by same north eighty-five degrees east nine hundred and ninety-five and five-tenths feet to a corner and land of J. J. Mussleman, thence by the same south eleven degrees east two hundred and sixty-two and five-tenths feet to a post corner in the public road aforesaid, the place of beginning, containing

THIRTEEN 3-10 ACRES,

together with the right to use the private road leading to Rosemont Cemetery and the use of water from a spring located about ninety feet from the northwest corner of the tract of land herein described. On which is erected a large

FLORIST'S PLANT, GREEN HOUSES

and necessary equipment for the florist and nursery business. This property is located within a quarter of a mile of the Town of Bloomsburg, and is well equipped with a modern, up-to-date Green House and Nursery Plant capable of immediate operation.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of David W. Armstrong now to the use of Louise H. Dillon and Alice Furman, Executrices and Trustees under the will of J. L. Dillon, dec'd., vs. Davis Brothers Company, John W. Davis, James T. Davis and Steward E. Reynolds, and to be sold as the property of Davis Brothers Company, John W. Davis, James T. Davis and Steward E. Reynolds.

CHAS. B. ENT, Sheriff.

Fred Ikeler, Attorney. 6-25-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Daniel J. Sullivan, late of Bloomsburg, Pa., Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Daniel J. Sullivan, late of Bloomsburg, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

JOSEPH R. MURPHY,
Administrator,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

John G. Harman, Att'y.
6-25-6t.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Estate of Baltus A. White, Deceased.

Letters of administration c. t. a. on the estate of Baltus A. White, late of the Township of Scott, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Luanna H. Terwilliger residing in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

LUANNA H. TERWILLIGER,
Administratrix C. T. A.

Wm. C. Johnston, Attorney. 5-21-6t

STATEMENT

—OF—

BLOOMSBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE 1, 1908

L. M. SLEPPY, Collector.

DR.

To Bal. on Duplicate 1904— $ 329 16

CR.

By Amt paid Treas	$112 17	
" Commission	5 83	
" Additional Exon.	211 16	
		329 16

L. M. SLEPPY, Collector.

DR.

To Bal. on Duplicate 1905— 1899 32

CR.

By Amt. paid Treas.	$1059 59	
" 5 per cent. Com.	55 77	
" Bal. on Duplicate	783 96	
		1899 32

L. M. SLEPPY, Collector.

DR.

To Bal. on Duplicate 1906— 5583 78

CR.

By Amt, paid Treas.	$28 9 68	
" 5 per cent. Com.	148 93	
" Bal. on Duplicate	2605 17	
		5583 78

L. M. SLEPPY, Collector.

DR.

To Duplicate 1907— 24400 26

CR.

By Amt. paid Treas. in 60 days	$15228 29	
" 5 per cent Dis.	817 84	
" 2 " " Com	310 78	16356 91
		$ 8043 35
Amt. paid Treas. in 6 mo.	$ 743 91	
" 2 per cent. Com.	39 15	783 06
		$ 7260 29
To 5 per cent. penalty added		363 05
		$ 7623 34
By Amt. paid Treas. after 6 mo.	$ 814 70	
" Commission	42 88	
Bal. on Duplicate	6765 76	
		7623 34

RECEIPTS

State App. for year ending June 1, 1907	$ 5554 18	
From Collectors including Taxes of all kinds	$20788 34	
From proceeds of Loans	8542 00	
From former Treas.	30 41	
" Tuition	54 00	
" Supplies sold	9 46	
" Com. Exercises	61 51	
		$35039 90

EXPENDITURES.

Teachers Salaries	$17084 88	
Teachers attending Institute	303 50	
Salaries of Janitors	1250 00	
Text Books	1776 08	
Supplies	1486 76	
Coal and Wood	1254 54	
Printing	163 65	
Light and Water	112 36	
Labor	405 45	
Material and repairs	1222 21	
Furniture	273 50	
Insurance	84 00	
Auditors	22 50	
Freight and drayage	61 34	
School Journal	7 00	
Books for Library	28 41	
Secretary's Salary	240 00	
Bonds paid	2500 00	
Coupons, Interest pd.	1582 91	
Temporary loans pd.	4450 00	
Miscellaneous	79 85	
Treasurer's Com	573 77	
Balance in Treasury	77 19	
		$35039 90

LIBRARY FUND

DR.

To Bal from former year	$ 68 94	
" Amt. from Com.	61 51	
		$ 130 45

CR.

By Amt. paid for Books	$ 28 41	
Balance in fund	102 04	
		$ 130 45

INDEBTEDNESS

Bonded debt last report	$32100 00	
Bonds paid	2500 00	
	$29600 00	
Orders discontinued	$ 8700 00	
		$38300 00

ASSETS

Bal. on Dup. 1905	$ 783 96	
" " " 1906	26 5 17	
" " " 1907	6765 76	
Crsh on hand	77 19	
Liab. exceed Assets	28067 92	
		$38300 00

J. C. BROWN, Secretary. FRED IKELER, President.

We the undersigned Auditors having examined the above accounts, statements and vouchers as presented by the Treasurer and Secretary find them correct as stated.

June 8, 1908.

P. H. FREEZE
A. H. STROH
H. S. BARTON
} Auditors.

SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given that I have this day sold and conveyed to Boyd Christian the following personal property belonging to me, and heretofore in the possession of the Trustee in Bankruptcy of the Smith-Supplee Company, Limited: Knife grinder, hanging scales, 77 (Plow) points, platform scales, digger, 44 pails stock food, bags and binder canvass, drill wheels and poles, 2 sleighs, buggy, spring wagon, lot of tools, 4 sets of harness, sled runners, twine, grind stone, truck, 2 safes, wire screen and rods, extension table, buggy poles and stable tools, 3 desks, letter files and cases, office chairs, lamp, clock, sad irons, elevator hoist, heater in cellar, horse cover, 2 strings of bells, and bolt and nail cases.

That the said Boyd Christian has this day taken possession of said goods.

June 15, 1908. H. G. SUPPLEE.
6-18-2t*

Souvenir Post Cards are printed at this office. Half tones supplied.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

It has been learned that a fund of about $5,000 was raised in Ohio for Bryan's Nebraska campaign in 1904, but no evidence of a public accounting was discovered.

Fire destroyed four hundred buildings in Three Rivers, Quebec, causing an aggregate loss of $2,000,000.

Governor Hughes in the Republican Club, New York, opened the campaign for Taft and Sherman with a ringing speech that was warmly greeted.

The eyesight of a patient in Bellevue Hospital, New York, whom the physicians considered hopelessly blind, was suddenly restored during an attack of hysteria.

Not daunted by the cry of "Mad dog!" a young woman of Bloomfield, N. J., assisted the poor brute in removing a live hornet from its mouth.

Delegates to the Central Federation Union said that organized labor will not support Taft.

In New York City and its environments Sunday deaths by drowning totaled nearly a score. The victims in most instances were those who sought Sunday recreation boating or bathing.

Glass tombstones with the latest photo of the deceased blown in the glass are to be turned out by a plate glass company at its Tarentum, (Pa.) plant.

In a head-on collision between two heavy touring cars on the Vanderbilt Parkway three miles east of Hempstead, L. I., one man lost his life and seven others, including two women, were badly injured.

Politicians have made the discovery that under the provisions of the new anti-betting laws they will be unable to make any public bets in the coming Presidential election.

Suit has been brought before the United States Circuit Court in Philadelphia to test the constitutionality of the commodity clause of the Hepburn Rate law.

Retail and wholesale dealers in meats and the packers themselves declared that there is no relief in sight from the present high price of beef.

John Blackmeyer, a discharged bartender, recently employed at the Gravesend race track, killed his mother-in-law, badly wounded his wife by shooting, and fled.

A woman's body, found in New York harbor, June 8, was identified as the of Mrs. Eva B. Werner, wife of a Boston shoe manufacturer.

The big guns of Fort Hamilton did $20,000 damage to property in the neighborhood by concussion in mimic battle.

James Jansen jumped into the East River to save a dog he thought was drowning, became weak, and the dog saved him.

Three men were shot dead and one was wounded by an Italian at New Orleans, who says he was resisting an attempt by "Black Hand" members to rob him.

Professor James H. Hyslop, in a new book, maintains that the resurrection of Christ may be explained as an apparition which appeared to the disciples.

In a speech read to Rutgers College alumni by Dr Demarest, L. F. Loree, president of the Delaware and Hudson, declared an effort to assert "high handed control" over railroads is likely to be disastrous.

FOREIGN.

The marriage of Miss Jean Reid, daughter of Whitelaw Reid, to the Hon. John Hubert Ward, in the Royal Chapel, was attended by the King, Queen and royal family and was the most brilliant wedding celebrated recently in London.

Troops of the Shah of Persia stormed and captured the Parliament buildings at Teheran.

W. B. Leeds, the American Tin-Plate King, died in Paris.

A deputation from the Persian Assembly informed the Shah, says a special cable despatch from Teheran, that if guarantees are not given for the maintenance of the constitution the Parliament will be closed.

According to a special despatch Mr. Wilbur Wright left Paris for Le Mans to prepare for his forthcoming aeroplane trials there.

Dr. Etelenne Cugulliere, of Toulouse, France, has discovered a serum which he avers renders cows immune from tuberculosis.

The Maine and the Alabama special service squadron, arrived at Honolulu, on their round the world voyage.

According to a special Shanghai cable despatch, the Viceroy of Yunnan denies that imperialist troops fired on a French detachment on the frontier.

That our American forests abound in plants which possess the most valuable medicinal virtues is abundantly attested by scores of the most eminent medical writers and teachers. Even the untutored Indians had discovered the usefulness of many native plants before the advent of the white race. This information, imparted freely to the whites, led the latter to continue investigations until to-day we have a rich assortment of most valuable American medicinal roots.

Dr. Pierce believes that our American forests abound in most valuable medicinal roots for the cure of most obstinate and fatal diseases, if we would properly investigate them; and in confirmation of this conviction, he points with pride to the almost marvelous cures effected by his "Golden Medical Discovery," which has proven itself to be the most efficient stomach tonic, liver invigorator, heart tonic and regulator, and blood cleanser known to medical science. Dyspepsia, or indigestion, torpid liver, functional and even valvular and other affections of the heart yield to its curative action. The reason *why* it cures these and many other affections, is clearly shown in a little book of extracts from the standard medical works which is mailed *free* to any address by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., to all sending request for the same.

Not less marvelous, in the unparalleled cures it is constantly making of woman's many peculiar affections, weaknesses and distressing derangements, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, as is amply attested by thousands of unsolicited testimonials contributed by grateful patients who have been cured by it of catarrhal pelvic drains, painful periods, irregularities, prolapsus and other displacements caused by weakness, ulceration of uterus and kindred affections, often after many other advertised medicines, and physicians had failed.

Both the above mentioned medicines are wholly made up from the glyceric extracts of native, medicinal roots. The processes employed in their manufacture were original with Dr. Pierce, and they are carried on by skilled chemists and pharmacists with the aid of apparatus and appliances specially designed and built for this purpose. Both medicines are entirely free from alcohol and all other harmful, habit-forming drugs. A full list of their ingredients is printed on each bottle-wrapper.

LONG TIME CONVICTS.

With What They Amuse Themselves in Prison.

As a warder of Dartmoor once said to the writer, "You get all kinds up here." Convicts are not all the abandoned ruffians which they are so often described to be. And one of the best proofs of this is the widespread love of animals that exists among them. It is no uncommon thing to find during severe weather that prisoners are saving crumbs from their bread to feed the birds with. And such an act is real self-denial, for a big, burly man, who has been hard at work all day in a Portland quarry or upon Dartmoor farm, does not find his rations any more than he can comfortably consume.

You will always find a few convicts in every big prison who appear to possess a peculiar power over animals. There was a man up at Parkhurst a few years ago, who seemed to be able to charm birds. Sparrows would come into his cell at any time, perch on his head and feed out out of his hands. And yet this man was serving a fifteen-year sentence for a crime so brutal that one cannot here even mention its nature.

Talking of birds in prison cells, a pretty story comes from Stockholm. A convict serving a long sentence in the State prison at Stockholm, managed to tame a pair of robins so completely that the confiding little redbreasts not only came in and out of his cell constantly, but actually built there. When he saw what was happening, the convict asked to be allowed to see the governor, and implored him to order that the birds should be left alone. The governor granted the request and he certainly never had reason to regret his action. The convict, previously sullen and dangerous, became the most tractable man in the prison. He took the keenest delight in watching the visitors hatch out four young ones and these in turn he tamed until they would come to him at a whistle. Gradually the convict's character changed entirely, and two years after the first visit of the robins he was released on ticket-of-leave.

There was an amusing scene one day in January, 1903, in an Isle of Wight train. Four grown men were seen on their hands and knees in a third-class carriage, apparently hunting vigorously for something. Inquiring what was the matter the guard found that the object of their search was a mouse. The men were released prisoners from Parkhurst, and the mouse had escaped from one of them. Fortunately its owner managed to recapture it unhurt, and when he had done so, he carefully replaced it inside his cap. He said that the little creature had been his constant friend and companion for two years past, and it had become so tame that it would sit in his open hand and eat the crumbs with which he fed it. He could not bear to leave his pet behind in the prison and so was taking it with him.

An elderly "lifer" at Dartmoor, a farmer by profession, has an amazing way with animals. There is a large flock of sheep belonging to the prison and these are the old fellow's special care. When lambs are left motherless he feeds them so carefully that he seldom loses one, and it is a pretty sight to watch the lambs following him about. The farm collies are also attached to the prisoner and he loves his charges so well that he has lost all wish for liberty.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

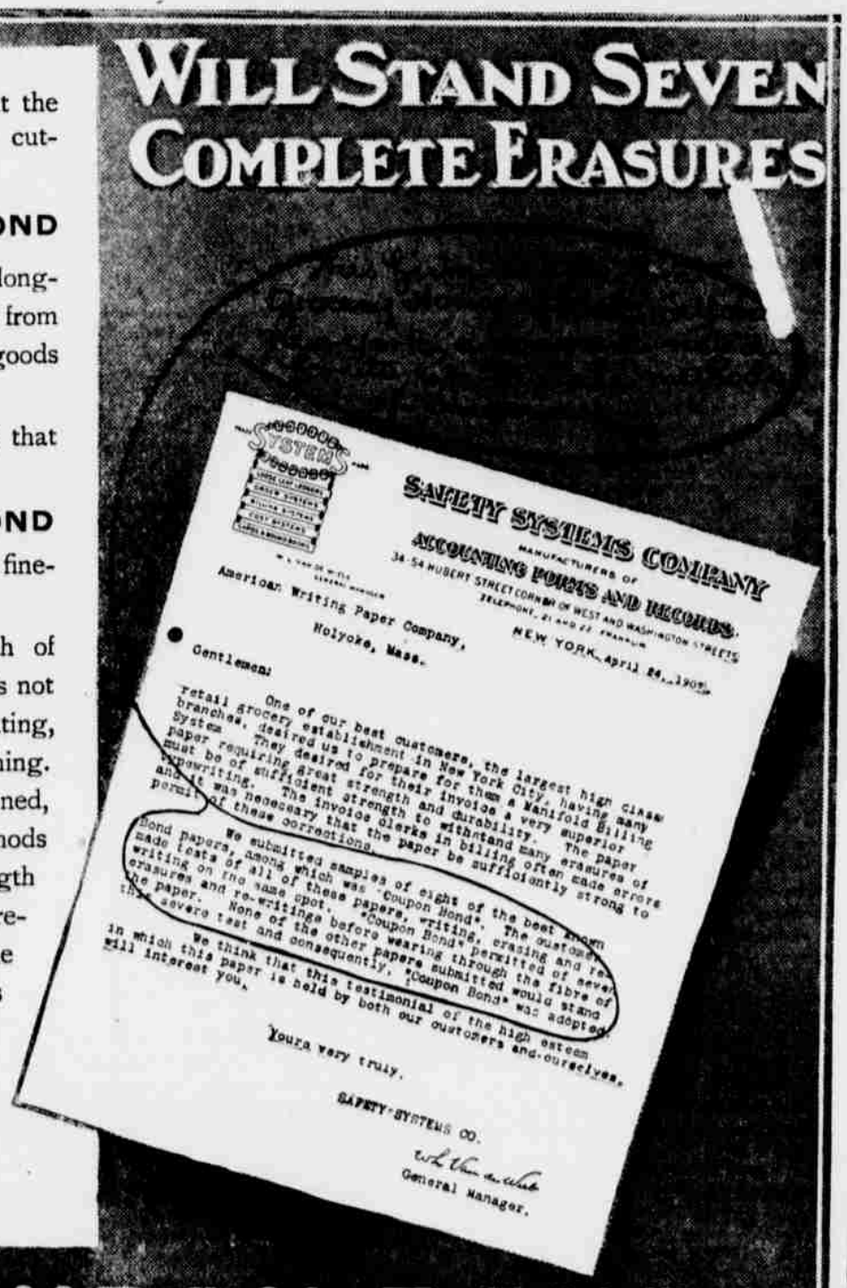
LACKAWANNA
RAILROAD.

"THE ROAD OF ANTHRACITE."

If you contemplate spending the Summer months in Florida or California, call upon our local ticket agent for particulars.

NOTHING but the best factory cuttings go into
COUPON BOND
—the finest and longest new clippings from the best white goods factories.
That's one thing that accounts for
COUPON BOND
toughness and fineness.
Then the strength of this fine material is not sacrificed in beating, washing or bleaching. Slow, old-fasioned, painstaking methods are used--the strength of the cuttings is preserved; and the finished paper has the smoothness and strength of fine linen.

WILL STAND SEVEN COMPLETE ERASURES



COUPON BOND
The De Luxe Business Paper
Large Book of Assorted Samples Free on Request

Carried in stock at the
COLUMBIAN PRINTING HOUSE, BLOOMSBURG.
Where sample can be seen.

Professional Cards.

H. A. McKILLIP
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building 2n.. Floor
Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Ent Building, Coust House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

RALPH. R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT-LAW.
Ent Building, next to Court House
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wirt's Building.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Corner of 3rd and Main Sts.
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING.
ATTORNEY-AT LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Crangeville Wednesday each week

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND
EAL ESTATE AGENT
Office in Townsend's Building
Bloomsburg, Pa,

N U. FUNK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Ent's Building, Court House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SADE T. VANNATTA
(Successor to C. F. Knapp)
GENERAL INSURACE
Office 238 Iron St., Bloomsburg,
Oct 31, 1901. tf*

M. I LUTZ & SON,
INSURANCE and REALESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corne Main and Centre Sts.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their office.

DR. W. H. HOUSE
SURGEON DENTIST
Office Barton's Building, Main below Mar
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All styles of work done in a superior manner
All work warranted as represented
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN
by the use of Gas, and free of charge whe artificial teeth are inserted
Open all hours during the day

DR. M. J. HESS
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES
Crown and bridge work a specialty
Corner Main and Centre streets
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Colmbia & ur Telephone connection

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours 10 to 8 Telephone

J. S. JOHN M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office :—Ent building, 11-16-99

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' uilding over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg,
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Lge and convenient sample rooms, ba rooms hot and cold water and all modern conveniences.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street
Large and convenient sample rooms, rooms, hot and cold water, and modern c veniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPH
EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURG
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th S
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 5:30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
Fire Insurance Agent.
Represent twelve of the strongest companies in the world, among which are
Franklin of Phila. Penna., Phila.
Queen, of N. Y. Westchester, N. Y.
North America, Phila.
Office: Clark Building, 2nd Floor.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1908.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.

[Continued from 1st Page.]

esteem by the student body of the school, and to the school as a whole, he bade farewell to the faculty and classmates. In closing he referred to the three years spent at the Normal and the work of training the child, which profession most of them had chosen.

Miss Dent, accompanied by Mr. Azpiazu, rendered Mendelssohn Concerto on the piano, which showed her to be a skillful musician.

The Class History was very ably given by Miss Margaret Johnson. She began the history three years ago when they bade farewell to home and parents and started out to learn the great truths of life. The work of the three years was very carefully brought out showing the class, in the estimation of its own members, to be the best and most brilliant ever graduated from the Bloomsburg Normal school. The members of the class, she stated, would never forget the faithful efforts of the teachers, and that the class would always endeavor to raise the standard of the school.

Miss Martha Herring then gave an excellent essay on the work of Burbank, possibly the most successful experimenter in the agricultural line, who ever lived. She divided his work into two parts, those which have added to the wealth of the world and those which have beautified the world. She told of the marvelous success that he has attained in making plants grow as he desires and of the creation of new species of fruit and flowers.

The Senior chorus then sang an evening song which was much appreciated, each of the parts being well taken.

The future destiny of the illustrious class of 1908 was then predicted by Miss Mary Morrow who stated that while on her way home late one dark night, she met a Will O' the Whisp, which lead her to the edge of a great forest where a great number of them were playing in the trees. Finally they began to throw chips of bark down and upon picking them up she found that each contained the destiny of one of the members of the class of 1908, written in bright shining letters and the inscriptions she would now read. Judging from the prediction, great things may be expected from the members of the class.

The great progress of America, the evils which are going on and how they may be remedied, was the substance of a very able oration by Darwin Maurer. He referred to the great progress made by America and stated that the average prosperity of all classes of people in this country is greater and higher than that of any other country. There are many evils going on in this country and we inherit the evil as well as the good of the those who have gone before us. He referred to some men as being money getters and others whose ideals are purely material, neither of which are good citizens working for the good of the country. He cited the evils going on in the different departments of the Government and the party boss as having much to do with the running of the government, which, instead of being of the people, by the people, and for the people, is of the people, by the rascals and for the rich. As a means of minimizing the evils now going on, he stated that the children should be educated and taught the principles of the American Government and that every citizen should get into practical politics for the good of the country. The principle thing for the citizens to remember is to act and not criticize the work of others. Every citizen should feel that he should do his share for free government. If we as a nation would succeed, we must get to work and discover the evils being done and then endeavor to eradicate them.

Francesco Petrilli then gave an excellent clarinet solo, Pierne Canzonetta.

The Class Memorial was presented to Dr. Waller by Miss Mary Fegley. She stated that the primary purpose of any memorial is to be remembered by others in after years. In behalf of the class she stated that as they had received much from the school they felt like giving something in return and had decided upon giving $350 for the purpose of transforming the Normal grove into a beautiful park. The old trees are to be cut down, a fountain erected and many other changes made which will add to the beauty of the place.

The money was handed to Dr. Waller who responded in a few words thanking the class in behalf of the trustees for the gift. He stated, however, that it was not necessary for the class to make such a gift for the purpose of being remembered for they had just begun to be known, and that they would be remembered not by what they have left here, but by what will be done in years to come.

The class presentations were made by Miss Reba Breisch and Thomas Francis. The prizes were very appropriate and created much amusement. One of the most interesting features of this part of the program was a short address in the German and Italian languages by Francesco Petrilli.

The exercises ended with a class song by the Senior class, the words of the song having been written by Miss Agnes Burke, a member of the class.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMENCEMENT.

All the exercises incident to Commencement week had been successfully carried out during the preceding days as arranged, and despite the sweltering weather an audience which nearly filled the large auditorium assembled yesterday morning to witness what was to be the last of the public exercises and hear the Commencement address which was to be delivered by President G. Stanley Hall, of Clark University, one of the most prominent educators in the country, and an orator and public speaker of recognized ability.

The disconcertment of Dr. Waller, president of the school, can be imagined when about an hour previous to the time fixed for the opening of the exercises he received a telephone communication from President Hall stating that he had missed train connections and was stranded at Wilkes-Barre and could not possibly get here before 12:30 p. m., which would mean that it would be one o'clock before he would be able to get to the school. To keep the large audience waiting all his time under present weather conditions was simply out of the question, and hence it was decided, after telephonic communication with several of the ministers and consultation with trustees to go on with the exercises, and the result proved that it was a wise decision, as it was the concensus of the opinion of those who have been attending these exercises that it was one of the most successful and helpful and entertaining in the thirty-nine years ofthe life of the school.

The graduates entered the auditorium to music rendered by the Normal School orchestra and took seats immediately in front of the stage.

Prayer was offered by Rev. W. M. Tinker, who with Rev. Hemingway, Heckman, Byers, Bailey and the trustees, occupied seats upon the stage.

After an overture ,"Spring Song," by the orchestra, Dr. Waller stated that the school was so endeared to the hearts of the people of the community that no emergency had ever arisen but that there were friends ready to respond to the need of the hour. He then informed the audience of the fact that President Hall would not be present to deliver the Commencement address as expected, and also the cause of his not being here, but that several of the ministers of the town had kindly came to his assistance and rescue. Before presenting the graduates with their diplomas he explained in a brief and clear manner the law of the state governing the issuance of the same which was copied from the laws of England. The certificate which is given the graduates is a license to teachfor two years. At the expiration of that time the teachers present a certificate signed by the school board by whom they have been employed certifying as to their moral character and the fact that they are proficient teachers. This is signed by the county superintendent, endorsed by the state board of examiners and a certificate is issued which gives them the right to teach without any further examination. Seventy-nine such certificates were issued to former graduates of the school yesterday who had taught two full annual terms. Dr. Waller also stated that when the school was first organized it was as a literary institute. Subsequently it was changed to a Normal school, its offerings differing from many others, however, in that other departments, College Preparatory, Commercial and Music, were added to the studies of which diplomas were awarded when they had completed the course.

After the diplomas had been given to the graduates of the different departments Dr. Waller called upon Rev. E. B. Bailey, pastor of the United Evangelical church, who said in part that while he was sorry Dr. Hall was not here, as the audience would not have the pleasure of hearing a connected discourse, but some disconnected remarks by different ministers. However, there was a Tinker present and he might be able to bring them together and fix them up.

He congratulated the class upon the fact that they had successfully completed the course and received their diplomas. That they represented hard work and were not given out unless the party who received them had proven that they were worthy of them. They were not given out indiscriminately and it was an honor to obtain one. The one thought that Rev. Bailey endeavored to impress upon the graduates was that they should do their best, and do their duty under all circumstances.

The next speaker was Rev. J. E. Byers, of the Lutheran church, who after congratulating the class upon the successful completion of the course which meant study and work, urged them to go out into the world and be acredit to the institution from which they graduated. The principal thought in the address of Rev. Byers, which was exceptionally appropriate to the occasion, was that they showed should "press on." While he would not have them forget what they had passed trhough, nor the school and what they had learned, he wanted them to "press on." Don't be satisfied with what you have attained. If you think that the diploma represents it all, and that you have attained all that isworth having, you are to be pitied. This is but the commencement—"press on." God expects it of you. Make the most of yourself. Believe and have confidence in yourself and don't be afraid of study and hard work.

Rev. E. R. Heckman, pastor of the M. E. church, after congratulating the class on what they had accomplished said that their class motto, "Deeds, not words," was enough to inspire any one. The people who have amounted to anything in the world were those who had done something and didn't talk about it. Every one could succeed if they were willing to pay the price. This was the keynote of the address of Rev. Heckman. He sought to, and did impress upon the minds, not only of the class but the entire audience, the fact that the secret of all success was a willingness to pay the price. Success is not a question of luck or environments. Every one who has attained a prominent position in any sphere of life has paid the price. If he has not it will soon demonstrate itself and he will fall to where he belongs. If you are willing to pay the price you can become great teachers. He urged the class to pay the price in order that they might achieve success. If not it would be a failure. If you are willing to pay the price you will live in deeds and not in words.

The next speaker was Rev. Hemingway, pastor of the Presbyterian church, who endeavored to impress upon the minds of the graduating class the fact that the world was a great deal better than many people imagined, and that there was a great many good people in it. Everybody has some idea of what the future holds in store for them. No matter what you have thought of it, he wanted the class to remember two things, viz: That the world is a great deal better, and also a great deal worse than they have imagined. You will find falseness beneath the veneering. Take things as you find them. Don't be discouraged. Don't forget that you are to make the worse side better. Then, too, there are thousands of people better than you thought they were. There is a large number of good people in the world. People who say kind things about you to others. The world is a charming place to live in, and is worth all the sacrifices we make for it. You can do more by loving men, women and children than you can by instructing them. Love them and they will enshrine you in the warmest place in their hearts. In order to do right, you must be right. Your heart will tell you what is right and when you have decided do it, but do it in a loving manner.

The last speaker was Rev. W. M. Tinker, formerly the pastor of the Baptist church of town now here spending a few weeks with friends. He said he desired to leave with the one thought and that was that love was the greatest thing in the world. It never fails. Everything else does. It has been the keynote to the success of the lives of many prominent men.

What we get out of life depends entirely upon what we put into it.

Dr. Waller closed the speaking by stating that the happiest thing manifested during the exercises was not the fact that the Bloomsburg ministry was composed of able men as was proven by their addresses, but the fine feeling which was manifested by them responding so willing to his request for aid. He said if it had been planned, the exercises could not have been arranged better, and he was satisfied he expressed the opinion of the audience.

The exercises closed with the benediction.

ALUMNI BANQUET.

Very elaborate was the Bloomsburg State Normal School alumni banquet held in the dining room of the school yesterday afternoon. An exceptionally large number of the alumni were present and all spent an enjoyable afternoon.

The toastmaster for the occasion was Granville J. Clark, a member of the class of '83. He fully demonstrated his ability and made some very appropriate remarks, two of his epigrams being, "Leisure is the spare time that women have to do other's work," and "Money talks,—I never had a dollar yet that did not say Good-Bye." In responding to the toast "The Class of '83," he stated that of a class of 38 members, 5 have died and of the 33 members living, 18 were present.

Prof. G. E. Wilbur spoke in a happy vein as usual, speaking upon "The Secret of Perpetual Youth." There is no secret of prepetual youth, he stated. It is in the heart and soul. It enables us to get above the cares and come into contact with the young hearts.

"Our Decennials, the class of '98," was very ably responded to by Mr. Williams, a member of the class. He stated that of the 161 members of this class at the time of graduation, 90 are still teaching.

Dr. Waller spoke upon "My Old Girls," and Prof. Sutliff upon "The Faculty. Both addresses were very good and much appreciated.

"Naughty Eight,' the baby or youngest class in the association, was then discussed by Mr. Maurer.

Following is the menu served:

Pine Apple around mounds of sugar
Nabisco Wafers
Olives Sweet Pickles
Cold Ham, garnished with parsley
Deviled Eggs Buttered Buns
Chicken Salad in nests of lettuce
Butter Thins Saltine Wafers
Sweitzer Cheese
Sliced Tomatoes with French Dressing
Fruit Punch
Fancy Cakes Mixed Nuts
Neapolitan Ice Cream
Oranges Bananas
Coffee

BUSINESS MEETING OF ALUMNI.

In the absence of Geo. E. Elwell, who was attending a reunion at Trinity College, the vice president, Dr. D. J. Waller, Jr., called the meeting to order promptly at one o'clock.

The minutes of last year's meeting were adopted as read.

Upon motion the members of this year's class were admitted into membership of the Alumni without dues.

Prof. Jenkins, as chairman of the financial committee, read his report in which he stated that all moneys which were on hand had been evenly divided bewteen the Philologian and Calliepian Literary Societies as per motion of last year. The report was adopted.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Geo. E. Elwell; vice president, Dr. D. J. Waller; corresponding secretary, G. E. Wilbur; recording secretary, S. J. Johnston; treasurer, H. G. Supplee; executive committee, Prof. O. H. Bakeless, Prof. C. H. Albert, Miss Eva Rupert, Mrs. L. P. Sterner and Mrs. J. G. Harman.

There being no other business the meeting adjourned tomeet at the banquet in banquet hall.

For headache Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

Royal Simple Life.

King Oscar of Sweden got up between 8 and half-past 8, dressing with the help of a valet. He took coffee in the breakfast room together with the Queen, with whom he settled any family matters, and read the morning papers. By 10 o'clock King was ready for business. On Tuesday he held an open reception. On Monday, the court, official, military and civil dignitaries had the ples. The King devoted Wednesday and Thursday to reviews and military inspections, but particularly to audiences and presentation of persons promoted to offices of honors. On Friday the Swedish Council of State took place. Saturday was formerly devoted to Norway and to the Swedish Norwegian Council of State.

At half-past 2 the royal pair took luncheon, consisting of a cup of soup, a warm or cold course, a glass of ale, or a glass of Marsala. After that the King walked out or rode in the modern manege in the new royal stables, then to business, correspondence, &c., in his study. At 6 o'clock the King, Queen, and persons in attendance dined in the blue drawing room. The sort of dinner most often served was soup, fish, greens, a steak and dessert, with three sorts of wine. On feast and parade days an entremets was added and a glass of champagne. It oftened happened, however, that the King, with his simple taste, preferred for himself two cold courses or a vegetable and meat, leaving everything else untouched. After dinner the King was won't to attend the theatres or Freemasons' lodges, or else he stopped at home and listened to music by the Queen or the ladies in attendance. Supper was soon over; it usually consisted merely of a cup of soup. The King then retired to his study, signing incoming papers and seldom going to bed before 1 o'clock.—London Truth.

Gutters Ran with Beer.

The gutters of Rio de Janeiro ran with beer for several days recently. The municipal laboratory having discovered that practically every beer in the local market contained a dangerous amount of sulphuric acid, the authorities proceeded to destroy all stocks on hand.

A skilled English cotton spinner spun a single thread 1,000 miles long.

Alexander Brothers & Co.,
—DEALERS IN—
Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, and Confectionery.
—o—
Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.
HAVE YOU SMOKED A
ROYAL BUCK or JEWEL CIGAR?
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM.
ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF
Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains
You Will Find a Nice Line at
W. H. BROWER'S
BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

WHY WE LAUGH.
"A Little Nonsense Now and Then, Is Relished by the Wisest Men."
Judge's Quarterly, $1.00 a year
Judge's Library, $1.00 a year
Sis Hopkins' Mon., $1.00 a year
On receipt of Twenty Cents, we will enter your name for three months' trial subscription for either of these bright, witty, and humorous journals, or for One Dollar will add Leslie's Weekly or Judge for the same period of time. Address
Judge Company
225 Fourth Avenue New York
3-21

BULLDOG
SUSPENDERS
WILL OUTWEAR THREE OF THE ORDINARY KIND
More elastic, non-rusting parts
Absolutely unbreakable leather
Guaranteed best 50c suspender made
Can be had in light or heavy weight for man or youth, extra length same price.
SUITABLE FOR ALL CLASSES
If your dealer won't supply you we will, postpaid, for 50 cents.
Send for valuable free booklet, "Correct Dress & Suspender Styles."
HEWES & POTTER
Largest Suspender Makers in the World
1214 87 Lincoln St., Boston, Mass.

W. L. Douglas
AND
Packard Shoes
are worn by more men than any other shoes made.
Come in and let us
Fit You With a Pair
W. H. MOORE,
Corner Main and Iron Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Our Pianos
are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:
CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.
—o—
IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO. AND BOWLBY.
—o—
This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.
—o—
WASH MACHINES
Helby, 1900, Queen, Keystone, Majestic.
—o—
J. SALTZER,
Music Rooms No. 105 West Main Street, Below Market.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office. tf